Decatur Weekly Republican.

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LOCAL NEWS

THIS is lovely mid-winter weather.

THE tax gatherer's offices throughout the county are open.

NEW Year's brings to us $15.00, 16.50, 18.00 and 20.00 suits for $11.75.
janluawtf GEO. W. JONES & Co.

DR. S. H. SWAIN, the well-known veterinarian, has moved his office from East Wood street to 127 South Franklin street.

DURING 1893 Coroner Bandure held twelve inquests, the most notable of which was the one on the body of Sam Rush, who was lynched June 3.

AFTER a shut-down of two months the Capps woolen mills at Jacksonville started up Monday, with about 200 employes at a reduction of 10 per cent in wages.

THERE are times when nearly every one needs a nerve tonic or invigorator. None better than Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer. Get it of C. H. Dawson.

ON account of a strike of the employes of the electric light company, Pana was in darkness last night. The cause of the strike is a cut in the wages of the men.

SHERWOOD bargains any day in Haines Upright, Everett and Sterling pianos at the C. B. Prescott music parlor. See the instruments. No trouble to show them.

THE assignees of the W. F. Thornton & Sons bank at Shelbyville, yesterday paid the first installment of 15 per cent of the liabilities. The amount paid out was $71,005.

IT is expected that the state board will reach a vote on the state fair contest about Thursday or Friday of next week. January 11 or 12 we will probably know where the fair will go.

CALL and get one of those $11.75 suits, worth not less than $15.00 to $20.00. Samples shown in window.
janldawtf GEO. W. JONES & Co.

THE following couples were the first for 1894 to call upon County Clerk Hardy for marriage licenses: Jesse P. Simpson of Palmer, and Miss Cora A. Lowe of Decatur; Hiram Rittig and Miss Ida Dean, both of Mowequa.

THE ladies of the W. C. T. U. at Macon have arranged with the young people to give an entertainment in the M. E. church on Friday evening, January 5th, 1894. The net proceeds will be used to relieve the wants of the poor.

DR. T. S. HOSKINS, the veteran dentist is now in his new office, ground floor, in Grand Opera House block, South Water street, ready for business. Improved appliances; satisfaction guaranteed.
jan7-d&wtf

CHAS. T. SHORT, brother of Mrs. C. R. Spore of Decatur, died at Litchfield, Ill., Jan. 1, at 12 45 p. m. The deceased has been city marshal of Litchfield during the past year. He served for over three years in the 108th Illinois infantry in the late civil war.

DURING the past half century—since the discovery of Ayer's Sarsaparilla—the average limit of human life in civilized countries has been considerably lengthened. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is everywhere considered the standard blood-purifier, the Superior Medicine.

THE record of the evidence in the *Sunday Sun* case has been completed, and this week an effort will be made to secure a supersedeas so that Attorney Strohm can get out of jail. Strohm admits that it would be cheaper for him to serve the sentence of 30 days and pay the fine of $1000, but feels that he can secure a new trial and possibly an acquittal or a new hearing.

THE jewelry house of George W. Chatterton, Jr., at Springfield, which has been doing business at the same stand for over fifty years, failed Monday. An assignment was made to C. C. Brown. Liabilities amounting to about $60,000 are so far reported. Besides a valuable stock of jewelry Mr. Chatterton has an interest in the Chatterton opera house, and it is thought the assets will cover the debts.

J. G. GRIFFITH, an old and well known farmer, died late Friday night at his home three miles east of Macon, aged 62 years. He has been ill for several months as a result of a stroke of paralysis. The deceased leaves a widow and three children, all grown. The children are Will and Arthur, of Macon, and Mrs. C. L. Colby, of Decatur. One brother lives in the north part of the state and his other relatives all live in Vermont, of which state he was a native, but had resided in this county for 30 years.

Born.

To Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Pence, of 1657 East William street, December 30—a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Henry Koessick, on East Lawrence street, December 30—a daughter.

FIGHTING FOR THE FAIR.

Decatur's Bid is in and Citizens are on the Ground.

Decatur's bid for the state fair was filed with the State Board of Agriculture at Springfield this morning, and now the fur will fly, figuratively speaking, until the deciding vote is reached, as between the competing cities, Decatur, Peoria, Springfield and Bloomington. The bid of Decatur in round figures, all things considered, is $200,000, fully enough to meet all the requirements. Secretary Garrard has all of the proposals, and today it was announced that the board would give the spokesman for each city an opportunity to present their bids and the claims of their cities for the permanent location of the fair. The understanding is that this will be done in executive session and that each city will be asked to present its case separately with no knowledge of what is said by the representatives of its competitors. Then the board will dispose of the other business before it, and fix upon the time at which it will visit and inspect the sites offered by the competing cities. The date for the visit at Decatur is fixed for Wednesday, Jan. 10th.

This morning, Ex Senator Johns, Commissioner S. W. Johns, Hon. Wash Smith, Wm. Voorhies, r., Ald. Montgomery, J. M. Clokey, and S. S. Jack went to Springfield. Our advocates before the board are Attorneys Johns and Clokey.

All of the papers in the way of certified check for $5,000 and proposals to meet all requirements to the letter are on file for Decatur, and now all we can do is work, watch wait and be hopeful.

State Fair Gossip

The Decatur committee in charge of the details affecting Decatur's interest in the state fair contest, will be ready to make the journey to Springfield to-morrow, well fortified to make a good fight before the State Board of Agriculture. It is not known just how much cash has been pledged, but it is regarded as sufficient. The board will receive the offers of the cities in the fight, but before a vote is taken the board in a body will visit the points suggested to have a look at the sites. They will look at the Springfield site Thursday; and visit Peoria on Friday. Then adjournment will be taken until Tuesday Jan. 9, when they will go to Bloomington. On Wednesday, Jan. 10th the board will visit Decatur, and they will be given a fitting welcome. There are several suitable state fair sites on tap in Decatur.

Death of Mrs. Eliza Holt.

The death of Mrs. Eliza Holt occurred Jan. 2, at at 7:30 p. m. at the home of her son, Charles J. Holt, 921 West William street, aged 81 years, 10 months and 22 days. Mrs. Holt, who was a native of Lexington Ind., had lived in Decatur since 1867. Her husband, William E. Holt, died suddenly in 1872 at Lovington, while he was away on a visit. She had been a consistent member of the Methodist church for 65 years, and was also a member of the W. C. T. U. Mrs. Holt had many friends in the community who will be pained to hear of her death.

New Year's at the Circuit Parsonages.

A number of friends from Blue Mound Chapel made their pastor, Rev. M. Auer, and family a pleasant New Year's call. It was a most pleasant surprise to the itinerant's home. Those present were Mr. Frank and Miss Emma Ward, Mr. James, Misses Ida and Fannie Jordan, Mr. R. D. and Miss Mina Huddleson, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Deakin, Mrs. Nelson F. and Miss Stella Brown, Mrs. S. and Miss Bird Austin, Mrs. S. and Miss Mamie Livingston and Mrs. Mary M. Marshall. They came with baskets well filled. Hams, big rolls of butter, canned fruits, etc., were left in care of the pastor's wife.

Buried To-day.

From Monday's Daily.

Mr and Mrs. C. L. Colby left to-day for Macon to attend the funeral of Mrs. J. S. Griffith, who died on Friday, of paralysis, aged 75 years and leaving three children, Mrs. C. L. Colby, of this city and Arthur and Will Griffith, of Macon. The funeral took place at 10 o'clock this morning from the M. E. church at Macon.

Judge Long's Pension Case.

The Judge Long pension case, in which Long asks the court to cause the reinstatement of his pension suspended by Hoke Smith, it is thought will be determined next Tuesday. Justice Bradley, it is thought, will deliver the opinion of the district court. This case will settle the question of pension suspensions without giving the pensioner a chance to be heard.

Hunting in Washington.

Oscar Wilson, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Wilson, residing at Spokane, Wash., writes to his brother, A. F. Wilson, that hunting in that state was never better than at present; that the snow in the mountains has driven the deer into the valleys, and that hunters kill a great number every day.

MRS. P. SPONNER, of Kent, O., is 100 years old. She enjoys life and talks fluently. She expects to live, she says, to see McKinley president.

PETER HALEY IN JAIL.

Arrested After Breaking a Hickory Cane Over His Wife's Head.

In a Jealous Rage the Candy Seller Tries to Commit Murder and Self-Destruction.

From Thursday's Daily.

There came near being a double tragedy this afternoon at one o'clock in the basement at 322 North Jackson street, in the Weyl flats, when Peter Haley, the crippled candy merchant, made a desperate effort to kill his wife and then attempted to butt out his own brains.

Mrs. Haley, who is 33 years of age and the mother of three children, was attacked by her husband while she was preparing dinner. Pete came in from the store with his cane and asked his wife to look out of the window at some person. She did not respond at once and he became furious, striking her over the back of the head with the cane, the force of the blow breaking the stick. He then caught his wife by the throat, and while he jammed her head again and again against the wall he struck her over the arms, breast and head with what was left of the stick. The screams of the woman down whose back and breast the blood was streaming, attracted Dr. Weyl, whose office is near. He came in just in time to save the woman's life. The floor and walls were bespattered with blood, and the broken dishes and lamp shade, together with the furniture thrown about, showed that there had been a desperate struggle. Dr. Weyl pulled Haley away from his wife and she fell exhausted to the floor, apparently mortally hurt. Haley immediately began butting his head against the wall at a place where the laths offered a spring resistance. His effort to kill himself in that way only served to knock the plastering off, and leave some ugly cuts on Haley's forehead.

Marshal Lehman and Officer Horton were summoned by telephone, and they took Haley off to the county jail. He did not appear to be sorry for what he had done, and went with the officers willingly. He is not seriously hurt.

Mrs. Haley has a large welt on the back of her head, which had to be sewed up by Dr. Weyl. On her arms are numerous cuts and bruises, but she is not fatally hurt. She is able to sit up and talk about her troubles.

She said to a reporter this afternoon, "I don't know what I am to do. Nobody knows what I have suffered. Peter when he struck me first said he would kill me and end his own life, and he will kill me if he ever reaches me again. I left him two months ago, and hired out at W. F. Coladay's home but by advice of friends and after Pete joined the Baptist church I came back. He has driven my mother and my brother out of the house, and Pete has always been almost insanely jealous without cause. He has often struck and choked me. I have a fork stab on my forehead and a knife-cut on my arm. Pete has been drinking at intervals. Oh! I have had an awful time of it," and the suffering woman broke down in a sob.

Haley is 47 years old. He owns a business lot on North Water street and a lot on North Edward street, besides the candy store. Mrs. Haley owns a lot on South Water street. All of the property is worth $7000 to $8000.

It is not known now what will be done with Haley. There seems but little hope now of a reconciliation. The couple were married at Vandalia. Mrs. Haley's parents moved to Parsons, Kansas, where the father died. Her mother is now at Peoria.

From Wednesday's Daily.

Peter Haley who assaulted his wife yesterday afternoon at his home on North Jackson street, is out of jail, having put up a cash bond in the sum of $500 last evening in Justice Shorb's court to answer any charge that may be brought against him. It is yet undecided what the charges will be. They may be assault to do bodily injury or assault to kill and murder besides a warrant to keep the peace. When he gave bail last night Haley promised the court that he would not go near his wife. He remained at the Hotel Brunswick all night. When Mrs. Haley learned that her husband was out of jail she became greatly alarmed and wanted to leave the house; but at the suggestion of friends an officer guarded the house. The rest of Mrs. Haley was very much broken. She slept but little during the night.

The condition of Mrs. Haley is quite serious. She is in bed and at best will not be able to be out for several days. She had a severe chill last night and is rather weak to-day.

State's Attorney Mills and Marshal Lehman visited the house to-day, as did also Attorney Buckingham. Dr. Weyl and others. To Mr. Mills the injured woman repeated the substance of the story published in the REPUBLICAN last evening. She reiterated the statement that she feared her husband would kill her. He had said he would, she declared, and she was undecided what charge she ought to bring against him. She feared if she made it strong he would be more likely to attack her again. She will consider the matter a few days and then let the state's attorney know her decision. It is the purpose of State's Attorney Mills, however, to prosecute Haley vigorously.

Haley was in consultation to-day with his attorney, Mr. Buckingham. The outcome of the domestic trouble is only a matter of speculation. A final separation seems inevitable. It is stated that Mr. Haley has expressed a willingness to give his wife one-third of his property, which is valued at $8 000.

The time set for Haley's examination is Monday next at 10 a. m., before Justice Shorb. Haley is said to be sorrowful and penitent. He charges his wife with undue intimacy with her stepbrother, but Mrs. Haley asserts that the charge is wholly groundless. In a fit of jealously Haley assaulted his wife with his hickory cane, and now he is sorry he did it.

In Haley's candy store last evening Officer Hewes found a hand-bag which contained about $2.200 in bills. It was hidden in a tobacco bucket filled with hulled peanuts. Haley's son Pete was present when the money was found. It was carried to Shorb's office and given to Haley.

SHOT BY HIS BROTHER.

But it was an Accident—George Carter the Victim.

Yesterday afternoon George Carter and his brother, Tude Carter, both colored young men, the former a cripple, having lost one leg in an accident on the railroad, were engaged in shooting English sparrows at the Blenz slaughter house south of the city. Tude had a shotgun, and his brother was near him. Tude had broken the stock of the gun, and quickly sprung it in place. As he did so there was a loud report, and George got all of the shot through his shoulder at a point two inches above the heart. George hopped around on his peg leg in agony, but did not fall. He was put into a wagon and taken to the office of Catto & Jones, where Dr. Jones gave the young man proper attention, sending him to the home of his widowed mother, at 917 South Colfax street. George will recover if there are no serious complications.

Local Civil Service Examination

The local board which is composed of W. L. Hancock, W. E. Strohm and E. G. Bramble, has received official notice from Washington fixing Saturday, Feb. 10, as the day and date for the next examination to be held at the High School building in Decatur. This is the printed notice of general interest to applicants:

The civil service commissioner takes this opportunity of stating that these examinations are open to all reputable citizens who may desire to enter the postal service, without regard to political affiliations. All such citizens, whether Democrats or Republicans, or neither, are invited to apply. They shall be examined, graded and certified with entire impartiality, and wholly without regard to their political views, or to any consideration except their efficiency as shown by their grades they obtain in the examination. For application blanks, full instructions and information relative to the duties and salaries of the different positions, apply at the postoffice, to the secretary of the local board.

Located at Kalamazoo.

W. H. Harnsberger, formerly a law partner of Judge Nelson, is now located at Kalamazoo, Mich., where he is a special examiner in the pension department of the government. He writes: "I learn by your paper that Macon county is again making an effort for the state fair. It is undoubtedly the right thing to do. Decatur ought to have it by all means. 'The hub of the universe,' Illinois, will make a great mistake if it is located elsewhere." Mr. Harnsberger has a fine office in the new government building at Kalamazoo. Will remarks that it is the kind of a building Decatur ought to have.

In His New Office.

Dr. T. S. Hoskins, the dentist, is in his new first floor office on South Water street, in the opera house block, and today he is receiving business and New Year's calls. He has put a rich carpet on the floor, elegant furniture, and the adjustable operating chair is the finest to be had. It is the handiest dental office in the city, and do doubt Dr. Hoskins, as in the past, will command a large patronage.

Illinois Steel Mills Closed.

The Illinois Steel Company at Joliet that started up with 1000 men a few weeks ago, in the hope that they would be able to run and thus give their men employment, shut down again Saturday, this time indefinitely. This also closes the concern of the Phoenix Horse Shoe Company, which employed 100 men.

New Year's Gift to Many.

We are giving all our $15.00, $16.50, $18.00 and $20.00 suits for $11.75.
janldawtf GEO. W. JONES & Co.

GIVES DECATUR A PUFF.

The Illinois Central Railroad Company Does a Neat Thing for Our City.

The industrial department of the Illinois Central Railroad company have just issued and sent out a neat pamphlet of 125 pages, containing a brief but interesting write-up of 100 cities and towns in eighteen different states which its line traverses. The department claims that its object for issuing the pamphlet is to aid in the development of the different cities and towns on its line, and to give information as is most desired to persons seeking a location for old or new industries. The work is compiled from the census of 1890.

The following is what they have to say of Decatur:

Population, 22 000.

County debt, $169,000.

City debt (less amount in sinking fund), $80,309.58.

Assessed valuation of property, $3,079,008 (not over one-fifth actual valuation).

Tax rate, county, 75c; city, 5c; state, 31c.

Death rate, low.

Railroad lines, I. C., Wabash, Vandalia, P., D. & E., I., D. & W.

Annual shipments by rail, over $700,000.

Number of banks, five. Capital invested in banking, $1,000,000.

Educational establishments, high schools and ward public schools of the highest order.

Waterworks, owned by city.

Light, gas and electricity. Three plants, one owned by city.

Street cars, electric.

Churches, thirty-two denominations, elegant churches.

Raw material, coal.

Industries desired, factories strong financially, paper mill.

Objects of interest: Fine residences, public buildings, beautiful parks and over 100 diversified factories.

Cost of fuel: slack 40c, pea coal 65c to 70c, nut 90c to 95c, screened lump at shaft $1 35 per ton. Special rates on large orders. Three coal mines operating at Decatur.

Cost of labor, same as in the other towns. Decatur's reputation centers in skilled labor, so it is always easily obtained.

DESCRIPTION.

Decatur is situated in the geographical and railroad center of Illinois. The railroads leading from it penetrate sixty-two counties in Illinois and twenty-one states and territories, connecting Decatur by direct line with a chain of lakes on the north, the Gulf on the south and the Ohio, Mississippi and Missouri rivers. The city is well paved, the principal streets being paved with paving brick, perfect sewerage and drainage system, fine water-works, an efficient paid fire department; educational facilities are the best; about 100 manufactories, large and small; fine banking system, good hotels, opera house, and will offer inducements to manufacturers of all kinds to locate. The people are active and progressive, a community desirous of having substantial industries locate with them. It is a beautiful city, has beautiful drives and boulevards, modern residences and public library.

Wedding in the Country.

The marriage of Miss Mahala Stroh and A. C. Bossler was celebrated on the evening of Dec. 28 at the home of the bride's parents, Rev. W. L. Bankson officiating. The bride's dress was cream-colored satin, en train. Miss Elizabeth Bomgardner and S. B. Stewart were the attendants. The bride is a refined and accomplished lady, highly esteemed by all who know her. The groom is a prosperous farmer on the Samuel Weaver place, southwest of Forsyth. A reception was given at the home of the groom's parents. Those at the wedding from a distance were Mr. Gephart and wife, and Miss Kretzer of Decatur; Miss Bomgardner, of Paris, Ill.

Refused a Change of Venue.

In the Sangamon circuit court Judge Foulke overruled the motion for a change of venue in the case of Dr. J. H. Lawrence and Benjaman Fixmer, charged with the murder of Emma Stegmann. A large number of affidavits and counter-affidavits were filed bearing on the question raised by the defendants' attorneys as to the state of public opinion, but the judge decided that it had not been shown that the defendants could not get a fair trial at Springfield. Should Lawrence be acquitted of this charge it will be only to face another indictment for the murder of Minnie Engan.

Pringle-Yohe.

C. W. Pringle, son of Mr. and Mrs. Norman Pringle, and Miss Sue Yohe were united in marriage at the home of the bride's parents in Pana on Saturday evening. Both parties are well known and popular, the bride having visited here on several occasions. Mr. and Mrs. Pringle will reside in Decatur.

CAPITAL $10,000,000.

Officers Chosen for the New Decatur Mutual Loan Association.

The first business meeting of the stockholders of the Decatur Mutual Loan Association, capital $10,000,000, was held last night at the office of Outten & Page. The directors chosen were R. P. Lytle, H. P. Page, H. A. Wood, F. P. Howard, R. J. Simpson, E. W. Wood and Guy P. Lewis. After this work had been accomplished the directors met and elected the following officers:

President—H. A. Wood.
Vice-President—F. P. Howard.
Secretary—E. W. Wood.
Treasurer—R. P. Lytle.
Attorney—H. P. Page.
Loan Committee—R. J. Simpson, R. P. Lytle and Guy P. Lewis.

The association will be ready to transact business in a few days, the monthly payments to be 60 cents on each share of $100. The first series will be opened on Jan. 29, and a series will pay out in eight years at 60 cents a share. The initiation fee is $1.00. The association pays on withdrawals in addition to the monthly dues 6 per cent from date of stock with a added profit after the third year increasing until the sixth, when they pay the full book value of the stock.

VOTED FOR AN INCOME TAX.

If You Earn Over $4 000 You Must Pay 2 Per Cent on the Excess.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 2.—Socialism as an article of Democratic faith has won. The Ways and Means committee this evening decided to lay a peace tax on incomes. The income tax will, therefore, be a part of the tariff-smashing bill. The full Democratic membership of the committee agreed on the following additions to existing taxes, with estimated revenues therefrom:

Two per cent on all incomes above $4,000—personal and corporation.	$30,000,000
Ten cents more a gallon on whisky.	10,000,000
Cigarettes, increase to $2 per 1,000	2,000,000
Two cents per pack on playing cards	500,000
Total	$42,500,000

The claim is made that these new taxes with the increased importations under the Wilson bill will give ample revenues.

Will Not Squeal.

Saturday evening U. S. Marshal Brinton took George Crum to Springfield, where the prisoner waived examination on the charge of attempting to pass counterfeit dollars in Decatur. He was committed to jail in default of bail. Crum told the marshal that there were four other men connected with the scheme of making lead dollars at Dalton City, but as all were married he refused to give their names, preferring to suffer alone. Crum has four small children at Dalton City. Only two have homes, and for the board of one of them he was paying a dollar a week. Moultrie county or the friends of Crum will now have to assume the responsibility of providing food, lodging and clothing for the motherless children, while the father is serving out his time in jail or at the penitentiary.

Bonds Filed.

The official bonds of town tax collectors have been filed as follows:

Niantic—J. T. Wells; bond $2,757 12; securities, H. Beall, J. Jacobson, D. W. Moore and George Wree.

Wheatland—Nathan E. Stickle; bond, $17 665 46; securities, W. B. Claycroft, B. O. McReynolds, K. B. Roby and D. H. Stickle.

Milam—J. V. Moody; bond, $3,843 64; securities, David P. Keller and Charles W. Freeland.

Austin—Z. B. Woolley; bond, $16,680; securities, J. Crocker and W. H. Parker.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Fleming left Decatur to-day for Storm Lake, Iowa, where they will spend a week or more in looking over the country. Elmer Van Gundy Frank Meyer and Ben Meyer, of Macon went with them.

J. M. Stinebaugh, a leading manufacturer of Lima, O., with his family, spent the holidays with Henry S. Culp and family at Warrensburg. They returned home Monday, January 1st. Mr. S. reports business as dull in Lima as elsewhere.

John Hill and wife returned home Saturday from Las Vegas, N. M., where they had spent ten weeks, with their son, Edgar E. Hill, whose health is greatly improved. Hugh Hill and Edgar are still at Las Vegas, Hugh having gone to that place from Decatur, arriving before the parents left for home. The brothers will probably remain in New Mexico until spring.

DIED.

At 1612 North Water street, December 30, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Downey, aged 13 months.

At 1000 West Charles street, at 4 30 a. m., Jan. 2 of inflammation of stomach and bowels, Mrs. Josie Rucker, wife of James A. Rucker, aged 22 years.

The deceased had been ill four weeks. She leaves a husband and eight children, the eldest 12 years, the youngest 2 years old.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

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JAROS.

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By Wearing Good Underwear, CHEAP CHARLEY.

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HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION.

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As a newspaper THE INTER OCEAN is abreast of the times in all respects. Spares neither pains nor expense to give ALL THE NEWS AND THE BEST OF CURRENT LITERATURE.

The Weekly Inter Ocean

is edited especially for those who, on account of mail service or any other reason, do not take a daily paper. In its columns are to be found the week's news of all the world condensed and the cream of the literary features of the Daily.

AS A FAMILY PAPER IT EXCELS all Western journals. It consists of EIGHT PAGES, with

A Supplement, Illustrated, in Colors,

of EIGHT ADDITIONAL PAGES, making in all SIXTEEN PAGES. This Supplement, containing SIX PAGES OF READING MATTER and TWO FULL-PAGE ILLUSTRATIONS, is alone worth the price charged for the paper.

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It is in accord with the people of the West both in Politics and Literature.

Please remember that the price of The Weekly Inter Ocean IS ONLY ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

By special arrangement with the Publisher of the *Inter-Ocean* we are able to offer to new subscribers

The Decatur Weekly Republican, ... } BOTH ONE YEAR,
The Chicago Weekly Inter-Ocean, ... }

FOR THE SUM OF

ONE DOLLAR AND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS,

CASH IN ADVANCE.

The Regular Subscription Price of the Two Papers is $2.00.

If you are an old subscriber to the REPUBLICAN you can have the benefit of this offer by paying arrearages, if there be any, and paying one year in advance.

Every Republican in Macon county should avail himself of this offer and thereby get the very best Republican literature in his family. The recent magnificent and overwhelming triumphs of the party in Ohio, Iowa, New York and Chicago, and in other Northern States, show the vigor of the party, and how its principles, when tried by the dogmas of the opposition wins votes to it. This admonishes every Republican that he should hear the cry that calls him to the tents of his own party; that he should patronize and study his own principles in the papers of his own party, and urge his neighbors to read the same. It becomes the duty of every Republican to prepare for the great conflicts with error in 1894 and in 1896. The way to do this is to drink at the Republican fountain by taking and reading Republican newspapers.

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HAMPDEN JEWELED ADJUSTED WATCHES

THE BEST TIME KEEPERS IN THE WORLD.

Ruby Jewel Adjusted ... Watch Makers and Rest Jewelers ...

THE HAMPDEN WATCH WORKS, Canton, O.

MUST HANG FOR IT.

The Assassin Prendergast Found Guilty of Murder,

AND HIS PUNISHMENT FIXED AT DEATH

All His Bravado and Acting Disappear in the Presence of His Awful Doom—The Verdict Generally Approved.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—The death watch sits to-night in the cell of Patrick Eugene John Prendergast, the murderer of Carter Henry Harrison. He must die on the gallows. Twelve representative citizens of Chicago adjudged him responsible to the law for his cold-blooded, cowardly deed the night of October 28. The verdict was agreed upon after the jury had deliberated a little over an hour. Prendergast "crossed" himself but uttered no word.

The morning of the last day of the trial was allotted to Alfred S. Trude, who pleaded eloquently for justice and argued concisely to convince the twelve men before him that the miserable wretch knew he was committing a crime when he took the life of the lawyer's friend.

Patrick Eugene John Prendergast.

Judge Brentano followed with instructions to the jury, lengthy, but explicit, providing for every contingency or doubt which might arise in the minds of those who were Prengergast's judges. The texts of all verdicts for and against the prisoner which could be rendered in his case were given to the twelve peers, and they retired at 1:25 p. m. to consider which one they should return, according to the law and the evidence. Prendergast sat sullen and silent through this last scene but one in the trial. He was hemmed in by officers of the law, who had no sympathy for him, and farther away sat well-dressed men and women who came to hear the eloquent Trude. The contempt for the ugly-faced assassin may have been tempered with a little pity, but their hearts were steeled to receive a verdict of guilty and death. While the judge was reading his carefully prepared instructions the prisoner's face betrayed the keenest anxiety. His open mouth twitched nervously, and he turned his misshapen head at every sound coming from the entrance to the crowded court room after the jury had retired. He was fearful of a speedy agreement, as he realized that it would be significant of a "guilty" verdict. After awhile he was taken back to his cell in the adjoining jail and the tension which had kept the men and women subdued was relaxed. The silence only broken by quiet conversation gave place to light-hearted talk in every part of the court room. The oppressive presence of the prisoner no longer served to remind them of death and the ghastly gallows. The lawyers and reporters engaged in an off-handed argument on various topics and famous murder trials. Bursts of laughter came from the group at intervals, and even the attorneys, who had worked hard against great odds to save their miserable client from a murderer's fate, joined in the diversion.

Four years ago there was a similar scene enacted in the same dingy court room while anxious men and women were waiting to hear the vervict of the Cronin murder jury. The Harrison family was represented by Preston Harrison, son of the murdered man. Neither Prendergast's mother or brother were in the court room during the closing scene. Nobody was expecting the return of the jury for a few hours.

Suddenly at 3:28 o'clock, in the midst of general conversation and laughter, came a bailiff's shrill voice calling

"Take seats now, gentlemen."

The meaning of the order was well understood. It had the effect of an electric shock. "That means guilty sure," "It's a hanging," were the words which passed from mouth to mouth. Every eye was turned towards the door and the buzz of excitement and conversation died away. Instead a solemn stillness pervaded the chamber. From the door came a procession of stern-faced men. Judge Brentano led the way, followed by the jury and bailiffs.

Deputy sheriffs had a minute or two before been dispatched across the "bridge of sighs" to the jail with orders to bring in the prisoner.

There was a shifting of men at the reporters' table next to Prendergast's seat by order of the court.

Walking with guards in front of him and guards behind him, Prendergast advanced slowly to his seat. Jail Clerk Ben Price, who accompanied the assassin, urged him to "Brace up and keep your mouth shut." Prendergast obeyed the latter injunction only. His bravado and vanity had fled. The mask had been torn from his face by fear of an adverse verdict and he stood before court and jury natural—a cowering coward afraid to hear his doom pronounced.

The countenance of every juror was sphynx-like. No sign of hope for Prendergast could be detected there. He dropped into his seat against the wall and the guards stood over him. His protruding lower jaw became limp, so that his lips hung wide apart in an imbecile fashion. A pallor spread over his face, and he stared vacantly in front of him. He sat there friendless and execrated.

The silence was impressively intense. It was broken by the voice of Judge Brentano saying:

"Have you agreed upon a verdict, gentlemen?"

"We have, your honor," replied Foreman J. Sutter, handing the fatal document to the judge, who transmitted it to the clerk. That officer quietly opened it in the midst of breathless suspense, and read as follow:

We, the jury, find the defendant, Patrick Eugene Prendergast, guilty of murder in manner and form as charged in the indictment and we fix his punishment at death.

When the clerk uttered the word "death," Prendergast made the Catholic sign of the cross over his breast with his right hand. His demeanor was abject and pitiful. He looked indeed a miserable wretch in human form. Not a word escaped his lips. The effect of the death verdict kept the spectators silent. No one rose to go. Quickly the guards took hold of the trembling prisoner, and were hurring him back to jail when the voice of the judge was heard again.

"Bring the prisoner back!" he commanded, and the condemned creature was led back to his seat. The formality of "polling the jury" had not been complied with. It was soon over, each juror answering "Yes" to the question "Was and is this now your verdict?"

Prendergast did not sit down the second time. He stood pale and terror-stricken close to his chair, stretching his hand for support against the wall, while a guard held the other arm.

After the removal of the guilty wretch Attorney Wade entered the formal motion for a new trial, which will be argued next week. Then the satisfied crowd quietly dispersed.

Preston Harrison was the first to approach Mr. Trude and thank him earnestly for his able services and personal interest in meting out justice to the murderer of his father. His remarks were free from exultant feeling. He believed that justice only had been done.

Prendergast created no scene when he was returned to his cell, and the verdict was kept from his fellow-prisoners as long as possible. They soon received word through visitors, however, and Jailer Morris removed the condemned man to-night to "Murderer's Row," his cell being next to that of George Painter, who has been given a respite by Gov. Altgeld until January 12. Prendergast sent word that he would not see any visitors, newspaper men especially.

Shortly after Prendergast arrived at the jail he was called on by his brother John. The meeting between the brothers was painful. They shook hands silently, and neither spoke for several minutes. Then John said: "Don't lose hope, 'Gene; we'll do all we can for you." The assassin bowed his head, but made no reply. Later he talked quietly to his brother for some time.

During the evening Messrs. McGoorty, Essex and Herron called upon their client and talked to him in a manner calculated to cheer him up, but their efforts did not appear to have the desired effect. The awfulness of his sentence seemed to have cowed the assassin and to have broken his spirit. He refused to see newspaper reporters.

From the evening of October 28, when Prendergast fired the fatal shots which murdered the city's chief executive, until the end of his trial yesterday, one of the most prominent and powerful motives which has seemed to actuate him has been abject fear that through some negligence of police or sheriff's deputies, he might become the victim of mob violence. November 1 on the way to Graceland, where the body of Mayor Harrison was placed in a vault, the procession passed by the jail, where Prendergast was confined. He was in abject fear and asked his attendants for stronger protection. So great was his apprehension, that in their grief for the chief executive the people might become uncontrolable and mob the jail. He tried to hide under the cot in his cell.

FRAUDULENT MORTGAGES.

A Swindling Scheme by Which Thousands Have Been Realized.

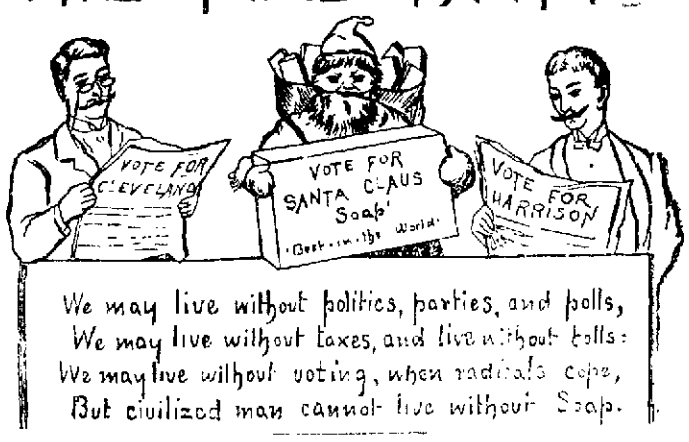
CINCINNATI, Dec. 29.—The grand jury has about concluded its investigation into the giving of fraudulent mortgages to the Old Men's and Widows' homes, by which the treasuries of these institutions have been swindled out of thousands of dollars. It is said that six persons have been indicted, among whom are some of the most prominent in the city. It appears that George N. Leighton, now in Chicago, was the arch-schemer of the crowd. Assisted by ex-District Attorney Burnet, which assistance Burnet claims to have been perfectly legitimate, and several others, he is credited with having swindled various institutions out of a total of $50,000. It is understood that steps will be immediately taken to compel the appearance of Leighton and Burnet in court. The men indicated are said to be Will A. Thompson, George N. Leighton, W. B. Burnet, J. Don McNeale, F. J. Mitchell and James Rost, all charged with obtaining money under false pretences.

The matter that led to the indictments was the Melbourne Stone Co. transaction. In that Mr. Sargent, treasurer of the Widows' home, was induced to purchase a $12,500 mortgage on a barren bluff. J. Don. McNeale is a son-in-law of Mr. Sargent and also the attorney for the widows' home. It is alleged that it was through his representations that his father-in-law was duped. James Yost is a prominent real estate dealer and politician.

To be Deported for Embezzling.

WARSAW, Dec. 30.—Four directors of the Peoples' bank have been sentenced to be deported to Olonets for embezzling 600,000 roubles from the bank.

THE THIRD PARTY



We may live without politics, parties, and polls,
We may live without taxes, and live without tolls:
We may live without voting, when radicals cope,
But civilized man cannot live without Soap.

Next to the foolishness of trying to live without Soap, is the great unwisdom of living with [illegible]

SANTA CLAUS SOAP

which is acknowledged to be far better than any other kind

Sold everywhere by enterprising [illegible]

Made only by N. K. FAIRBANK & CO. Chicago.

CLOTHING REDUCTION.

Everything goes at a Sweeping Reduction. Overcoats and Suits for Men, Boys and Children. At this time of year we have too many goods on hand and we must get them into money; everything goes at Cost Prices. Nothing but CASH. Call and see what we can sell you for cash in the line of

❋CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS.❋

MEN'S OVERCOATS, $2, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00.
MEN'S SUITS, $6.00, $8.00, $10, $12.
BOYS' SUITS, $2.50 UP.
CHILDREN'S SUITS, 85c UP.

What is our mistake is your gain this year. Never before have you had the chance to get your clothing so cheap.

GEO. W. JONES & CO.
CLOTHIERS

NOT SO WITH US.

THE average merchant, as we are told, is now trimming his sails and getting ready to endure a season of hard times. It is not so with us. We do not intend that there shall be any dull season for us. We intend to compel purchases by virtue of the extraordinary values which we shall offer. We have in stock a large lot of shoes which we purchased at

52½ CENTS ON THE DOLLAR,

those being from the old FERRISS & LAPHAM stock. These shoes are made by a Rochester manufacturer of Ladies' Fine Shoes who took a medal at the World's Fair. They are high class goods as every shoe dealer knows. We have this manufacturer's goods in ladies' hand turn shoes which are as fine Dongola stock as you can find. They are in opera heel and toes, opera toes and common sense heels, and common sense toes and heels. They were made to sell at $4 a pair and are well worth the money. The manufacturer's price on these shoes to the jobbers was very much more than we are going to ask you for them. We intend to sell these high grade goods out at

❋$1.79 PER PAIR.❋

We have also some machine sewed shoes for ladies from the same manufacturer, made over the same lasts and of the same pattern as the hand turns which we will sell at the unheard-of low price of

$1.40 PER PAIR.

These shoes are in all sizes, all widths and all styles. The majority of them, however, are in the narrow widths. Ladies who have narrow feet and have been obliged therefore to purchase high priced shoes (since the common grades are not made in narrow widths) will find in this great sale especially tempting bargains for them. We are not offering a few pairs only, but over 1500 in all. These goods are strictly high grade and are as good for wear and appearance as money can buy. We want you to come and avail yourselves of this opportunity to buy. We want to clean out all this stock of 1500 pairs in one month if possible, besides all else that we may sell. We want you to buy right now. We want to make our January sales larger than any month in the history of the retail business of this store. BUY NOW.

+ FRANK H. COLE, +

B. F. BOBO, Manager,

148 EAST MAIN STREET.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Farmers, Attention!

WE HAVE

500 PAIRS OF PLOW PANTS at $1.00 A PAIR which we warrant not to rip.

100 DOZ. WORKING SHIRTS, SPECIAL GOOD VALUE, at 50c apiece.

100 DOZ. OVERALLS, GOOD MATERIAL AND Easy Fitting, made on Pants Pattern, at 50c a pair.

100 DOZ. SWEET, ORR & CO.'S PANTALOON OVERALLS, in Blue Denim, Fancy Stripes and Plaids, at 75c a Pair.

300 PAIRS OF ALL-WOOL, STRICTLY FAST COLOR, PANTS, guaranteed to give satisfaction or we will replace with a new pair. These are Bargains, and go at $3.00 per pair.

OUR NEW STOCK

OF

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING

IS NOW READY FOR INSPECTION.

$40,000 worth to select from. Special attention is called to our Clay Worsted, 3-Button Cutaway Frock Suit. This suit is all wool, fast color, elegantly lined and flat bound, equal to the finest Merchant Tailors' work, and makes an elegant wedding or fine dress suit. Our price is $16.50, and we challenge the world on it.

COME AND SEE US.

B. STINE CLOTHING CO.

FINE MANTEL CLOCKS.

The only good stock of Clocks in the City.

EVERYTHING AT REDUCED PRICES.

W. R. ABBOTT & CO.,

JEWELERS.

THE TARIFF BILL IS PASSED On Our Clothing,

And it has been Marked to Suit the Times.

No need of complaining about the Price. We will not let any one escape who wants to buy, whether it is our price or their price. Goods must be sold.

C. J. BRYAN,

The People's Clothier.

OLD POST OFFICE STAND

LOCAL NEWS.

THE Catholic fair at Ivesdale recently cleared over $3,000.

DEWITT county will have a big farmers' institute January 13.

READ our liberal clubbing rates in the advertising columns of this paper.

YOU are invited to call and inspect our fall line of Clothing. CHEAP CHARLEY.

BY a unanimous vote the city council at Peoria voted $50,000 toward securing the state fair.

THE WEEKLY REPUBLICAN and the *Youths' Companion*, both one year for $2 25, paid in advance.

IT'S all the same, a slight cold, congested lungs or severe cough. One Minute Cough Cure banishes them. C. H. Dawson.

JUDGE E. P. BARTON, one of the oldest and best-known lawyers of Freeport, died suddenly Thursday of apoplexy.

JAMES H. ELSUM, for fifteen years city clerk at Mowequa, died at his home Wednesday, aged 64 years. Mr. Elsum was a member of various secret societies, and stood well among his people.

THE administrator appointed in the Minnie Reibling estate is James Sampson. The lady who died at Kankakee left personal property valued at about $40 and lot 8 in Martin's addition.

EARLY RISERS, Early Risers, Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation, sick headache, dyspepsia and nervousness. C. H. Dawson.

THE German Insurance company of Quincy, the oldest company in Illinois, has retired. It yesterday transferred its risks to the Manchester company of London, England. Its risks aggregated $10,000,000.

W. F. EMDER, the tax collector for Blue Mound township, has filed his official bond with the circuit clerk. It is for $17,733 22, with F. Niemiker, Christian Schwab, E. R. Moffett and James Millikin as sureties.

THE funeral of the late J. H. Elsum took place at Mowequa to-day. He died of cancer of the stomach, aged 60 years, and leaves a widow and three daughters, two of whom reside in Newark, N. J.

IT not only relieves; it does more, it cures. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. Suitable for all ages, all conditions, at all times. C. H. Dawson.

THE failure of the Indianapolis bank has swept away the fortune of the widow of Vice-President Colfax. The fortune was small, but it was all she had. Schuyler Colfax was a close friend of Theodore Haughey who was president of the bank.

FROM reports received at the state board of health office it appears that from Jan. 1 to Dec. 22, 1893, there were 108 cases of smallpox in Chicago. Of these, seventeen died, thirty-two were discharged and fifty-nine were in the hospital on the day last mentioned. It is known that several cases have occurred since.

FRIDAY was the last day of service for the January term of the circuit court. Sheriff Perl had a paper to serve on parties at Maroa. He got to the depot too late for the train. He had to reach Maroa and there being no train that way he was forced to walk to the town. It was a trip of thirteen miles up the Illinois Central track. The Sheriff walked to Maroa in four hours, served the papers and came back on the evening train.

NOT one minute elapses between the taking of One Minute Cough Cure and relief. Why shouldn't people take One Minute Cough Cure? They should. They do. C. H. Dawson.

THE contesting heirs have taken an appeal to the supreme court in the case of the claim of Felix M. Garver against the estate of David Garver, deceased. The plaintiff in the county court was allowed $1 042. In the county court Administrator Gorin petitioned for a rule on Mrs. Anna Diehl, to reply to objections filed by David G. Garver, Felix M. Garver and Barbara Garver to the selection of her award. It was ordered that Mrs. D. shall reply by Jan. 15.

THE city council of Chicago, some two months ago, appointed an expert to investigate and report the financial condition of the city. The expert made his report this week, but neither the mayor nor the council could comprehend the report, and the question arose as to whether another expert should be employed to unravel the report of expert No. 1. It was finally decided that the original expert should try and put his conclusions in such shape that it may be understood.

Prices Knocked to Pieces

On our immense stock of Boots, Shoes and Holiday Slippers. We are compelled to make *a decided smash* in order to raise some ready cash. Everything goes down excepting quality. We must stand the disappointment of not making money on these goods; but ready money is more important than profits just now. Get with the crowds and buy your footwear from Walter Hutchin, 117 North Water street, sign of big shoe. dec14-d&wtf

THE Shaw of Persia has sent messages to Berlin, St. Petersburg, Paris and Vienna that he will visit those courts next spring, and it has thrown them into more or less consternation. They'd rather have a visitation of grip.

IT'S just as easy to try One Minute Cough Cure as anything else. It's easier to cure a severe cold or cough with it. Let your next purchase for a cough be One Minute Cough Cure. Better medicine, better result; better try it. C. H. Dawson.

THE CITY TO GIVE $25,000.

Informal Meeting of Aldermen for An Expression on the State Fair Appropriation.

From Thursday's Daily.

Decatur is now in good shape to get a good grip on the state fair, and her representatives will go before the state board Tuesday at the head of the procession of applicants for the big show. The county has appropriated $50,000 and a large tract of valuable land, estimated to be worth $50,000, and the citizens will make improvements at an outlay of $40,000 or $50,000. Citizens are now pledging to give $50,000, and last night an informal meeting of the aldermen was held at the city hall at which a general expression was had as to the amount Decatur should appropriate to help swell the fund. Mayor Moffit presided and Ald. Dodd served as secretary.

The mayor stated the object of the meeting to be to confer as to the amount the city should give to secure the state fair. He called for a general expression, and Aldermen Montgomery, Bramble Shade, White, Williams, Holman, Irwin, Ferguson and Johnson spoke in favor of being liberal in the matter. Nearly all were agreed that an appropriation of $25,000 would be the proper thing to do. Johnson and White said they would vote for a $50,000 appropriation. It was suggested, however, that $25,000 could be given without cramping the city, and this motion was adopted:

That it is the sense of this meeting that the city of Decatur make an appropriation of $25 000 and furnish a certified check of $5000 to secure the permanent location of the state fair at Decatur.

On motion the mayor appointed a committee of three to put the matter in proper shape, arrange to have the certified check furnished, and to report at the called meeting of the council to be held Friday evening. The committee is Ald. Holman, Montgomery and Shade.

HEAVY DAMAGE SUITS.

One for $5,000 and the Other for $15,000 Against Barteau & Johnson.

Two heavy damage suits were commenced in the circuit court to-day, both against the well-known gamblers, Willis Johnson, jr., and A. B. Barteau, who have been doing business in Decatur in a room on Merchant street, under the firm name of Barteau & Johnson. The plaintiffs are farmers residing in the northern part of the county. One is Samuel M. Thrift, who sues to recover $15,000, and the other is J. K. Polk Thrift, who will endeavor to secure the return of $5,000. There have been rumors in Maroa and other papers that the Thrifts would bring suit against the gamblers, and to-day the reports were confirmed by positive action. Possibly the cases will come to trial at the January term of court.

Good for Joliet if Caught.

From Thursday's Daily.

A young man supposed at the time to have been Harmon Fries succeeded in working off a stolen bank check for $6 75 at Walter Hutchin's shoe store Saturday night. He bought a pair of felt boots for $1.50, and received in exchange for the check the boots and $5 25. The check was signed by Holcomb & Veech, grain buyers at Oakley, and was on J. Millikin & Co.'s bank in favor of Harmon Fries. The stranger, it turns out, simply personated Fries, and when he got the money from Hutchin forged Fries' endorsement. Before taking the check Hutchin satisfied himself that the H. & V. signature was genuine. Yesterday morning the bank got a letter giving notice that the check had been stolen, but the check was not presented at the bank until Mr. Hutchin brought it in. The stranger had been working for H. & V., and while at Oakley he simply stole the check. Now Mr. Hutchin and the officers will try to catch the wily stranger and start him on the way to Joliet.

Wedding in the Country.

From Thursday's Daily.

Miss Minnie Pfeiffer, daughter of Jacob Pfeiffer, and W. H. Knowles, son of Robert Knowles, of Turpin station, were united in marriage last evening at 6:30 o'clock at the home of the bride, 3½ miles southwest of Decatur, in the presence of seventy-five relatives and friends. The attendants were Miss Maud Ward and James Good. Rev. J. A. F. King, pastor of the U. B. church, Decatur, was the officiating minister. A rich white crepe dress was worn by the happy bride. Among the guests at the wedding and sumptuous marriage feast were Mr. and Mrs. Abram Kramer and S. Chester Cox, of Decatur.

Dragged to Death.

Annie Milemore, aged 18 years, the daughter of a prominent farmer near Danville, was dragged to death yesterday. She was thrown from her horse and her foot was caught in the stirrup, and with her head touching the ground she was dragged over the rough ground a long distance and was dead when the horse was caught and the foot released.

Birth of a Son.

On December 26th there was born to Mrs. Iris Hubert, widow of the late Stephen Hubert who died during the present month a son, weight 11 pounds. The mother and son are getting along very well at the family home on North Edward street.

Divorce.

In the circuit court Charles Cezalet has applied for a divorce from his wife, Ella Cezalet, whom he charges with adultery. Complainant's attorney is C. C. Leforges.

STATE FAIR 30 YEARS AGO.

Citizens Who Came Down Then With $20,000—The Contributors.

It Made a Stir for Decatur in 1863—Bought 20 Acres of Land.

The effort now being put forth to raise something like $200,000, or its equivalent, to secure the permanent location of the state fair at Decatur, recalls the struggle that was made by old citizens, some of whom have passed away, who worked successfully thirty years ago to raise $20,000 to get the fair here for just one year. That was in 1863, while the war between the North and the South was raging.

The old Macon County Agricultural Society owned just 20 acres of ground, the west half of the present 40 acre tract at the old fair grounds, and the offer was made to hold the state fair in Decatur one year if the society would furnish sufficient ground for a half mile race track and necessary buildings. The society jumped at the chance to get the prize, and this committee was appointed to formulate a plan to sell enough stock to realize $20,000 to be used in the purchase of twenty acres of land: J. H. Pickrell, Henry Prather and John K. Warren. The solicitors were sent out, and subscriptions were taken, reports being submitted at the committee meetings held in the old brick court house which then stood in the southeast corner of Lincoln square. Two of the old yellow books are still in possession of Ald. W. H. Bramble, who was personally active then as he is now in the state fair enterprise. The pages of those books contain many familiar names—men who came down liberally for stock. They are J. R. Race, A. Culp, James Millikin, J. E. McCoy, Peddecord & Burrows, Stamper & Connell, Morehouse & Wells, George M. Wood, H. B. Durfee, T. K. Alexander & Co., B. F. Dodson, Robert Fleming, Henkle & Priest, A. W. Drake, Jacob Leiby, P. M. Wikoff, E. C. Emmons, Nick Laux, Joseph Michl, Joe Weingarten, Samuel McRoberts, Jacob H. Troxell, John Ullrich, Jacob Becker, Martin Forstmeyer, Harpstrite & Shlaudeman, M. Y. Givler, Michael Foley, McNamee & Cullen, Allan Scott, A. T. Hill, Rev. Father Vaught, Simon Seitz and W. H. Williams.

The state fair was secured, and the grounds were graded, the springs opened and the fence moved over, all under the direction of Mr. Bramble, who was the superintendent of the grounds. He was also the architect and builder of all the exhibition buildings which have since been used by the county until they were torn down and sold. The fair for one year brought thousands of people to Decatur from all parts of the state. It gave steady work at good wages to 70 men for six months before the fair opened, and the weekly pay roll in all departments amounted to several hundred dollars a week; and during the fair and afterward Decatur people made a boodle of money in various ways.

Decatur profited materially by having the fair just one year. It brought Decatur prominently before the people of the state, and when they came to look at the city they fell in love with it and the population steadily increased, as it did after the other state fairs which were held here in later years.

There are no doubt many interesting reminiscences of the 1863 effort to raise the $20,000, which could be recalled by the canvassers. Mr. Bramble said a citizen who would put down his name then for $10 to $20 was considered a thoroughbred and a capital good fellow. Now there are men and firms in Decatur who will not only cheerfully pay the tax for the $50,000 and $25 000 appropriations, but have also subscribed $50, $100, $250, $500, $1000, and one firm (Linn & Scruggs) as much as $2000. But these generous contributions are given only on condition that we get the state fair for all time to come. In '63 it was only for one year. That was different.

DIED.

At Springfield, Ill., December 29, at 8:30, suddenly, John H. Miller.

The deceased was a brother of the evangelist, G. L. Miller, Mary L. Miller, Wm. R. Miller and Lizzie A. Miller, of 169 West Eldorado street. Mary L. and Wm. R. left for Springfield this afternoon to attend the funeral. The deceased leaves a widow and several children.

December 28, of paralysis, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Edward Knight, at 1503 North Clayton street, Willis W. Davis, aged 83 years.

The deceased was the father-in-law of Alderman Knight of the sixth ward. The body was sent to Lynnville, Ill., to-day for burial.

On December 29, of old age and the grip, at 455 East Olive street, Mrs. Cornelius McCarthy, aged 72 years.

The deceased was a native of County Cork, Ireland, and has lived in Decatur about thirty-seven years. Her husband, Cornelius McCarthy, died about six years ago. The children left are Mrs. James H. Conley, of Larned, Kansas; Timothy McCarthy, Mrs. W. H. Stewart, Mrs. O. S. Williamson and Mrs. Charles Williams, of this city.

2,228,672.

These figures represent the number of bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which were sold in the United States from March, '91 to March '92. Two Million, Two Hundred and Twenty-Eight Thousand, Six Hundred and Seventy-Two bottles sold in one year, and each and every bottle was sold on a positive guarantee that money would be refunded if satisfactory results did not follow its use. The secret of its success is plain. It never disappoints, and can always be depended on as the very best remedy for Coughs, Colds, etc. Price 50 cents and $1.00. For sale at King & Wood's drug store.

SHOVING THE QUEER.

George Crum Caught in Decatur with Counterfeit Dollars—The Arrest.

From Saturday's Daily.

George Crum, a carpenter of Dalton City, Moultrie county, was lodged in the county jail last night, charged with having attempted to pass counterfeit dollars. He made the attempt at the Bailey restaurant on the south side of Lincoln Square during the absence of W. H. Bailey, who was formerly captain of the night police. Crum had a piece of pie, and then threw down a dollar. Mrs. Bailey was in charge of the restaurant, but there was no change for the dollar. Just then Mr. Bailey entered, and he took the dollar to get it changed at a neighboring place. As soon as he got hold of the piece Bailey knew it was not silver, but a poor counterfeit. That was plain to him, and instead of getting change he telephoned to headquarters for an officer. He could get no reply. He went back to the restaurant and found Crum waiting for his change. Bailey resolved to take Crum to jail himself, and he did it in short order, although the tall carpenter offered some physical resistance. At the jail Crum was searched by Bailey and the sheriff and on his person was found thirteen bad dollars, all made of lead in a poor mold. At first Crum said he got the dollars in Decatur, but later he confessed that he got them at Dalton City, and he gave the name of Darseen, a blacksmith, as the man who made them or placed them where they could be found.

At the jail to-day Crum said he had lived at Dalton City for many years. His wife is dead, but he has four children, the youngest 8 and the eldest 16 years old. All are dependent upon him for support. Two years ago Crum stated that the blacksmith talked to him about queer paper money that he could get which would go like hot cakes. Crum said he found the 13 dollars in brown paper under a board at Dalton City, at a place where the blacksmith said they could be had, and he got them, coming direct to Decatur to get good money for them. Crum's only apology for his connection with the affair is that he had been on a drunk since Christmas, or he would not have had anything to do with the bad money.

Captain Baylor went to Dalton City last night to arrest Jacob Darseen. He sent back word to-day that the blacksmith denied everything. Darseen was brought to Decatur to-day by Baylor and Officer John A. Robertson, of Bethany. Here Darseen was met by W. F. Brinton, the marshal of the United States district court, and his chief clerk, Mr Westfall. The marshal got a statement from Crum in person, which tended to show that Darseen had no knowledge of the presence of counterfeit coin at Dalton. The evidence was so convincing that Marshal Brinton concluded to allow Darseen to return to Dalton City, but he will be wanted as a witness when Crum comes up for trial at Springfield. Darseen protested that he had not seen Crum for three months and did not know that he was in the town. Crum walked from Bethany to Dalton on Tuesday. He told the marshal that there were four parties in the counterfeit business at Dalton, but he did not give any names. Mr. Darseen will doubtless do all he can to expose the gang. Possibly a secret service man will go to Dalton City and Bethany and look up evidence in the case. Several additional arrests may follow.

Collectors' Bonds.

Decatur Township—R. P. Lytle, collector; bond $383,743 68; sureties, B. O. McReynolds, K. H. Roby, D. S. Shellabarger, J. A. Dawson, Milton Johnson, J. J. Peddecord, L. Burrows, James Millikin, O. B. Gorin, Parke Hamner.

Whitmore—John W. Scott, collector; bond $8,722 78; sureties, Thomas Bullock, W. N. McKinley, Richard Kirby, James Millikin.

Friends Creek—W. T. J. Cooper, collector; bond $28,663.30; sureties, S. Gerber, O. N. Denison and Geo. N. Myers.

Mt. Zion—O. M. Durning, collector; bond $27,355.32; sureties, A. C. Traughber, C. M. Fletcher, James Durning and James Millikin.

Will Pay a Dividend.

The Thos. M. Thornton assignees at Shelbyville yesterday closed the sale of $18,000 in Texas bonds. They will now ask the court for an order permitting them to pay a dividend of 15 per cent, the payment thereof to begin Tuesday morning, Jan 2, 1894, providing the order is made by the court. This will put something like $70,000 into circulation and will help on the boom in this county in an amazing manner.—*Shelbyville Union.*

MARRIED.

On December 28, by Judge Nelson at his office, Mordecai Llewellyn and Miss Amy Ault, both of Maroa, Ill.

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Stroh near Forsyth, on the evening of December 28, by Rev. W. L. Bankson, A. C. Bassler and Miss Mahala Stroh.

The ceremony was witnessed by a company of relatives and friends, and a splendid wedding repast was served.

IT is said of Judge Francis Marion Cox of Macon county, Mo., who died recently, that he cared for and educated eighteen orphans.

NO BETTER aid to digestion.
No better cure for dyspepsia.
Nothing more reliable for biliousness and constipation than DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. C. H. Dawson.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

CANADA wants the Wilson bill to become a law. Our people do not, and that's the difference it makes to our people.

THE difference between Democratic profession and Democratic realities has never been so well demonstrated as within the last nine months.

HON. W. J. ONAHAN, of Chicago, has had the title of a Roman Count conferred upon him by the Pope, for the distinguished success achieved in the work of organizing the Catholic congress at the World's Fair.

DURING the fifteen days that congress was in regular session before adjourning for the holidays, 187 petitions from all parts of the country, signed by hundreds of thousands of workingmen, have been presented in congress protesting against the passage of the Wilson bill.

THERE are a great many things that there may be some question about, but that Grover Cleveland, Gresham and Blount know President Dole, of the provisional government of Hawaii, better than they did before they tried to knock him down with a bag of wind, goes without controversy.

THE Decatur *Review* raises a howl because it has heard that some employer of labor has requested such of his employes as favor the passage of the Wilson bill to leave his employ. We do not know whether the story is true or not; but we know this: So long as there are idle workmen who are opposed to legislation intended to destroy the opportunity of American workmen to secure work, those workmen who persist in voting away the chances of American workmen to be employed, in equity are not entitled to employment.

CONGRESS convened to-day, after the holiday recess, and the air will soon again be full of dangerous missiles, among which will be the repeal of honest election laws and the 10 per cent tax on wildcat money; the attempted deliverance of Cleveland and Gresham from the Hawaiian pit into which they have fallen, the re-enactment of the Bland silver purchase law, the passage of the business-destroying Wilson bill, and the renewal of the requirement of proof of loyalty in prosecuting war claims; but, after that, the judgment, as the people will have a chance to express their will at the ballot box this fall.

THE reports from Washington to the effect that the wives of Democratic congressmen, whose husbands have had the courage to oppose some of the president's policies, are being systematically snubbed in the social affairs of the White House, all of which indicates that Grover has undertaken to direct the affairs of the kitchen. It would be a mighty good thing for the business of the country if Grover Cleveland would devote his entire term to kitchen affairs and let the tariff question and the Hawaiian question alone, because the people are not interested in the pots and kettles of the White House and a blunder there would cut little figure; but the other matters concern them very much.

WHEN Democrat Trude was making his closing speech in the Prendergast trial he referred to Henry George, whose disciple the prisoner is, as follows:

I was delirious with joy when I learned that the defense proposed to put the great high priest of the single tax theory upon the stand, for of all the migratory paranoiacs he is the most pestilential.

Democrat Trude has probably forgotten that this same pestilential high priest was put on the stand by the Democratic party in the campaign of 1892, when by a pestilential trick of the Democrats in the lower house, Henry George's vaporings were incorporated in the *Congressional Record*, and thus were sent broadcast over the land, by the million copies, at the expense of the people, with the view of winning votes to the Democratic party. It was by such methods the Democrats were returned to power, and their return has proven no less pestilential to the country than the literature used to carry the election.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND in his message states that he withdrew from the senate the treaty for the annexation of Hawaii for the purpose of examination, which everybody knows is not so, but assuming that he did, the developments in that affair, on evidence as brought out by the administration's one-sided methods, ought to be sufficient, if Cleveland still desires to carry out his policy of restoring the queen, to cause him to resubmit the treaty. He has proven, in his exparte investigation, that the present government owes its existence to improper interference on the part of our government; and for that reason ought not to exist. But Cleveland and Gresham have ignominiously failed to tear down the provisional government and restore the queen. Now if Grover were to resubmit the treaty, and induce the senate to ratify it, he would have matters his own way. With Hawaii as a part of this government he could continue his interference in a legitimate and constitutional way, and right the wrong that troubles his conscientious soul so much by deposing President Dole and restoring the queen.

You will miss it if you don't buy one of those $11.75 suits shown at Geo. W. Jones & Co.'s. jan1d&wtf.

The Tariff Tinkers' Bullheadedness.

Those business destroyers who framed the tariff bill which the present administration proposes to pass refuse to listen to the verdict given by the people at the polls in November in Ohio, Iowa, Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey and Massachusetts, which was a clear protest against any change of the present tariff law. This protest came from the workingmen of those states and was the result of the sad experience they have had in the reduction of wages, loss of full employment and total idleness as the result of the return of the Democratic party to power, involving the danger of putting its destructive policies into effect.

In 1892 the laboring man was told by the hypocritical free trade campaigners that they were being robbed by their employers through the influence of a protective tariff; that he was refusing to make a fair divide of the profits inuring to him by special tariff legislation. The farmer and general mechanic and workingman were told that protection did not benefit them in any degree, but operated as a tax on them for the benefit of a few robber manufacturers. Workingmen were all told that a removal of the tariff would cheapen what they bought and would result in giving them better wages at the same time. Employes in furniture factories were made to believe that free trade would give them cheaper hats, caps, coats, shoes, knives, hammers, forks and spoons, while his wages would remain the same and business would not languish. The men who made coats and the men who made caps and hats, and so on through the list, were made to believe the same as to products of other industries, but each and every class was left with the impression that this would not injure the business he was engaged in, or his wages, or his chances for employment. By sophistries of this kind every class of employes was made to believe that he could get the goods made by the other fellow cheaper under free trade and not injure himself; and thousands of honest workingmen by such methods were induced to vote for this will-o'-the-wisp. The result has been awful. Factories were shut down everywhere and millions of men who were fully employed in 1892 became idle, and in less than nine months of Democratic rule the people of the country lost more in the loss of work and wages and the shrinkage of values than the war of the rebellion cost the country.

In this school the people learned that they had made a grievous mistake at the polls in 1892, and when they had an opportunity at the polls last November they changed their verdict. It is very clear the people now know better what they want than they did in 1892. They know it because they have been taught in a better school. As before stated the Democratic leaders refuse to hear these more rational appeals, and propose, in spite of the great calamity which is now spread over the country, to make it still worse by the passage of a tariff bill that nobody believes will benefit the country, but which a majority of the people believe will injure the country.

The magnitude of the blunder in returning the Democratic party to power may be seen in Dunn & Co.'s annual review of the trade for the years 1892 and 1893. That report dated Dec. 31, 1892, started out as follows:

The most prosperous year ever known in business closes to-day with strongly favorable indications for the future. * * The year closes with all woolen, cotton and silk machinery fully employed and the stock of unsold goods much lighter than usual. * * * The year was remarkable for fewer failures than have occurred in any year since 1886, being 2,029 less than in 1891.

The report, dated Dec 30, 1893, starts out as follows:

Starting with the largest trade ever known, mills crowded with work and all business stimulated by high hopes the year 1893 has proved, in sudden shrinkage of trade, in commercial disaster and depression of industries, the worst for 60 years. * * The review of the different departments of trade given to-day exhibits a collapse of industry and business which is almost without precedent. * * In 37 years covered by the records of this agency, the number of failures has only once risen above 16,659. The aggregate of the liabilities in all failures for six years has not risen above $200,000,000, and this year the liabilities in the failures aggregate $611,379,803.

Such a tremendous calamity to the country resulting from the return of a party to power full of threats to institute destructive policies, would cause a party that has ability to conduct the affairs of the government to change its course. If this were not sufficient, surely the petitions from workingmen, who were deceived by demagogues in 1892, and who have discovered their mistake and are now petitioning Congress protesting against the passage of the Wilson bill, alleging that its passage will permanently ruin labor in this country, ought to cause the party in power to reconsider its resolves in relation to the tariff. These petitions have been signed by hundreds of thousands of workingmen, praying that their opportunity to support their wives and children shall not be cut off; but the Democratic ear is deaf to all these appeals, and stupidly assumes that those people who voted the Democratic ticket in 1892, drunk on a feast of lies, knew better what they wanted then they do now after being sobered up by terrible and distressing experience.

CATS from Siam, from the Isle of Man and Persia, wild and tame, to the number of nearly 150 are ready for exhibition at the cat show in Brussels, and which the King is to patronize.

Chauncey Depew Again.

Some days ago the Decatur *Review* gave its readers a lengthy and ably written editorial on what Chauncey Depew said on his return from Europe. In that leader that paper paid Mr. Depew the following tribute:

It is not the habit of Chauncey Depew to open his mouth for the purpose of making a noise. And he does not interview himself just to see his name in print. He usually says something, and that is what he did in his last effort.

The *Review* then goes on to sum up what Mr. Depew said, to-wit:

He found that a large measure of distress was prevailing throughout Europe. In most places he visited the distress was much greater than the quality that prevails here. He also observed that there was much more suffering and lack of employment in continental Europe than in Great Britain.

That paper then proceeded to argue from that that the same causes which produced the depression in Europe has produced the depression here, and tried to leave the impression upon those who might read the article that Mr. Depew gave out his interview especially to exploit that opinion. But Mr. Depew did not make any such statement. He did not state either, as that paper alleges, "that he was out to learn how widespread is the condition of depression that struck this country some months ago."

The associated press Saturday night sent out an interview with Mr. Depew in which he gives a brief retrospect of the year just closing, which was as follows:

"The consequences of the last presidential election are the fruitage of 1893. The people had been made to believe that a tariff for revenue only or a semi-free trade policy would give an added impetus to national progress, and so they voted. When, however, after the inauguration of the President, the business of the country became fully alive to the impending revolution it felt a victim to a sudden and unreasoning alarm. A panic ensued, and this was charged to our silver purchasing law. Although every business interest in the country and every employment in the land demanded its repeal, the Democratic majority fooled with the question for three months while the country was going to rack and ruin, and the repeal bill only finally reached Cleveland by the help and votes of the Republicans. We then discovered that the relief which we anticipated was only partial. Fear of such tariff revision as would cripple or suspend the business interests of the country has prevented the resumption of their operations, except in a limited and temporary way. Manufacturers must know what the duties are to be or what they are not to be before they can safely work and adjust themselves to the new policy. Two millions of men are out of employment, thousands of millions of capital lie idle, and losses to corporations, firms and individuals of millions a month are occurring because the country doesn't know under what system and upon what condition its business is to be conducted in the future."

Now, since the *Review* has expressed its confidence in Mr. Depew's ability to grasp a situation, and that "he never opens his mouth for the purpose of making a noise" let it give its readers the benefit of his opinion in the foregoing interview as freely as it gave his opinion of the prevailing conditions in Europe, even to distortion. Mr. Depew now speaks of our own condition, and the causes for it, and that ought to be a matter of interest to every American citizen.

GEN. SMITH D. ATKINS, who is editor and proprietor of the Freeport *Journal*, has a well-settled conviction that the proper thing for the next Republican state convention to do is to name a man for United States senator. The *Journal* advocated this method in 1890, and in fact has always favored that plan, and so far, we confess that we have not yet seen a good, robust, healthy reason why the party should not adopt it at the coming convention. In reply to the statement in some of the Chicago papers to the effect that the state central committee at its last meeting decided that the state convention should not name a man for United States senator, the *Journal* says:

The Chicago papers unanimously announced that the Republican State Central Committee, at its meeting in Chicago December 20, decided that the next Illinois Republican state convention would not nominate a candidate for United States senator. *That is not the truth. We have positive knowledge that the Republican State Central Committee at that meeting did nothing of the kind.* It is an open question to be decided by the Republican voters in Illinois. They lost one United States senator by not nominating a candidate two years ago; we told them that they would be defeated if they did not nominate a candidate for senator, and they were defeated. We do not want the Republicans of Illinois to repeat that mistake, and lose another United States senator. We insist that the next Republican state convention shall nominate a candidate for United States senator, because it is fair and right that the common people in the Republican party in Illinois, the men who do the voting, shall have something to say as to who shall represent Illinois in the senate of the United States.

SHOULD the Republicans be returned to power in 1894 and 1896 and should Hawaii be annexed, in that event it is to be hoped that it will not be made a pretext for secession from the Union by any of our brethren.

MR AND MRS. WM. MORSE, a Taunton, Mass., couple, have just celebrated their 66th wedding anniversary. Mrs. Morse, in her 84th year, is doing her own housework, and her husband, who is 92 years old, is bright and alert.

MRS. GREENHALGE, wife of the newly-elected governor of Massachusetts, is a highly educated woman of domestic tastes. Much of her time is given to the care of a little crippled son, to whom she is devoted.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

—The New York legislature met yesterday.

—The Standard Plate Glass Co. of Butler, Pa., has reduced the wages of all employes 25 per cent.

—The net balance in the treasury, as shown by the public debt statement, was yesterday $90,375,555.

—The Pittsburgh, Shenango & Lake Erie Railroad Co. has ordered a 10 per cent. reduction in wages of employes.

—Three men were killed and several injured by the premature explosion of a blast in the Roxbury district of Boston yesterday.

—At 6 o'clock Monday evening the Columbus Watch Co's property in Columbus, O., was placed in the hands of Philip H. Bruck as receiver.

—The exports, exclusive of specie, from the port of New York for the past week were $6,920,800, against $6,321,067 for the corresponding week in 1892.

—Baron Truchsess-Waldbourg, for some time German envoy at St. Petersburg, died suddenly at Munich, Monday evening, at a court concert.

—Empress Frederick, mother of Emperor William, gave an audience to Hon Theo. Runyon, the American ambassador, and Mrs. Runyon yesterday.

—Francis P. Walton, more familiarly known as "Plunger" Walton, has made an assignment. Mr. Walton was proprietor of the Grand hotel at 1231 Broadway, N. Y.

—The fire in Boston Monday night which destroyed the Globe theater, it is believed, was caused by a defective electric wire igniting the woodwork in the men's coat room.

—Much suffering has been caused among the poor of Rome and vicinity by the extremely cold weather now prevailing there. The ground is covered with snow to the depth of several inches.

—Jack McAuliffe, champion light-weight pugilist of America, and Jim Ryan, champion of Australia, were matched Monday night in San Francisco to box six rounds on the evening of the 16th inst.

—Fifteen thousand people in addition to the 30,000 living in Leavenworth, Kan., celebrated the formal opening of the new steel drawbridge across the Missouri river there. The parade was over a mile long.

—The Washburn & Moen Co., of Worcester, Mass., has reduced its dividends from 2 to 1 per cent, and salaries from 10 to 20 per cent. The stockholders the past year absorbed $1,000,000 of stock at par.

—Capt. Stephen B. Grummond, one of the principal vessel-owners of Detroit, Mich., and one of the oldest and best-known vessel men on the great lakes, died in Detroit shortly before noon yesterday, aged 59 years.

—No word had been received yesterday in Fresno, Cal., from the sheriff's posse in the mountains in pursuit of the outlaw Evans and his companion Morrell. Mrs. Evans was still in jail, unable to give the bond required for her release.

—The London Investors' Review says that unless a change is made in the Bank of England's methods of business a financial crisis will be brought about compared with which the recent Baring failure will be as of small importance.

—The Mahoning and Shenango Valley Manufacturers' association has served notice on the officials of the Amalgamated association, demanding a reduction on the present puddling scale of $4 75 per ton to $3 75 to enable them to compete with nonunion mills.

—While hunting, Monday, Wright Knighton of Maple Grove, Ala., stuck the barrel of his gun in the ground and filled it with sand. He then shot at a flock of doves. The gun exploded and a piece pierced his heart, killing him instantly. At night his house was burned by incendiaries and his wife and children were rendered homeless.

Congressional Forecast.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Congress comes together again to-day, after a two weeks' recess, prepared for a struggle that is certain to last many weary months. What has already been done is insignificant in comparison with what remains to be accomplished, and, in fact, the few weeks of the session preceding the recess hardly sufficed to outline distinctly the programme of the leaders charged with responsibility in either house.

Probably the very weight of the task before them causes many of the senators and representative to be slow in their response to the demand of duty and in returning to Washington from their homes, and it is expected that the attendance in both house will be small for a day or two at least.

There is not the same necessity for active exertion by the senate as is the case with the house, for the former body will have ample time to dispose of the more important matters on its calendar before the tariff bill is received from the co-ordinate branch. Therefore, the proceedings in the senate, at least this week, are not expected to be very important. Probably an effort will be made to begin formally the consideration of the house bill to repeal the federal election laws, but in this case it is hardly likely that the programme will progress beyond the point of delivering a few speeches, and about Thursday or Friday a recess may be taken until the following Monday.

The long-anticipated debate on the tariff bill is expected to begin in the house to-day. Much, however, depends upon Mr. Wilson, the chairman of the ways and means committee. Mr. Wilson is so exhausted with the unremitting labors of the past few months, that some doubt is expressed if he will be physically able to speak on the measure before Thursday.

If the chairman finds himself unable to address the house on the tariff question Wednesday, the bill will probably be taken up and read in extenso. This will occupy several hours, and it is not improbable that when this shall have been done, the fortifications bill, which is now on the calendar, may be taken up and occupy the remainder of the day. There is some doubt as to the action of the house on the resolution reported from the foreign affairs committee indorsing the action of the president regarding Hawaii.

If a quorum of democrats be present, Chairman McCreary may call up his resolution after a few speeches have been made on the tariff bill, and rush it through the house. Mr. McCreary is hardly likely to do this, however, unless there are a sufficient number of democrats in attendance to assure the passage of the resolution.

No definite programme has been arranged for to-day. If Mr. Wilson is ready the discussion of the tariff will begin. In case Mr. Wilson wishes more time the Hawaiian matter may come up. The committee on rules will meet before the house begins its session and arrange a programme of some kind.

Troops Landed by Admiral De Gama.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—A dispatch from Lisbon says it is reported that Admiral De Gama has landed troops at the customhouse in Rio.

We can't tell you what life is

but we can say that the amount of it in a person depends upon the condition of the nerves.

Without good, healthy nerves, life is feeble and miserable, and liable to leave the body entirely, but with nerves braced up by

Dr. WHEELER'S NERVE VITALIZER

life is vigorous and athletic. The Vitalizer prevents over-exertion, unusual fatigue and extreme excitement from weakening the nerves and cures all nerve disorders like Prostration, Debility, Sleeplessness, Headache etc.

PRICE, $1.00 A BOTTLE

Inquire of druggists for free sample. If not found, write us enclosing five cents (stamps) for postage. The doctor gives free advice to any nerve disease sufferers. All welcome.

We offer $500 to any physician or chemist who can show by analysis or otherwise, that this remedy contains morphine, opium cocaine, or any harmful drug.

The J. W. Brant Co.
Makers
ALBION, MICH.
And 42 Dey St., New York

Sold by C. H. Dawson.

Letter List.

The following is a list of letters remaining uncalled for at the Decatur, Ill., postoffice, January 2, 1894. Please say advertised when called for.

GENTS' LIST.

Charel Austin F E	King Burbage
Caldwell Rev Howard 2	Milton Ben
Darnell H K	Mason A
Erisman Admiral	Norris John E
Finly John	Nichols A E
Grigsby Wm	O'Brien W L
Holley J B	Omerstreet J
Hendricks Mr	Pyner Otto
Harlan Gec M	Sturgeon John
Welch Peter	

LADIES' LIST.

Burke Mrs Vinnie	Morgan Miss Lottie
Beasley Miss Jennie	Martin Mrs Lena
Howard Miss Ida 2	Peel Mrs Pop
Johnson Mrs Ellie	Riley Miss Effy
Kistner Miss Rosa	Robinson Mrs John
Kulker Mrs L C	Ryan Miss Lizzie
Lehman Susie	Slough Miss Laura
Moma Mrs Wm D	Star Miss Bertie
Wingert Mrs Henry	

FOREIGN.

Johnhanska Walenia

J. T. HUBBARD, Postmaster.

MRS. A. E. BARR has taken the place formerly occupied by Mrs. Burnett as the best paid female author in America. She often receives $5,000 for the serial rights to a novel, and her short work is proportinately well paid for.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

The REPUBLICAN is indebted to B. Z. Taylor, dealer in grain, provisions and stocks, with correspondents in Chicago, New York, Minneapolis and St. Louis, for the following market quotations:

CHICAGO, Ill., January 3, 1893.

ARTICLES.	Opening.	High'st	Lowest	Closing
WHEAT—				
Jan	59⅝	60⅝	59⅝	60⅝
May	64⅝	65⅝	64⅝	65⅝
July	66	67	66	66⅞
CORN—				
Jan	34⅞	34⅞	34⅝	34⅞
May	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝
July	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝
OATS—				
Dec	....	....	....	....
Jan	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛
May	30⅛	30⅝	30	30⅝

CLOSING PROVISIONS.

PORK—Jan., $12 52; May, $12 70.
LARD—Jan., $7 70; May, $7 65.
RIBS—Jan., $6 37; May, $6 45.

TO-DAY'S RECEIPTS—CAR LOTS.

Wheat, all grades, 196. Estimated 195.
Corn, all grades, 1131. Estimated, 1110.
Oats, all grades, 304; Estimated, 303.

LIVE STOCK RECEIPTS.

Hogs 36 000; market lower. Light hogs $5.10 @$5 40. Heavy packing, $4 95@$5 35.
Cattle 6,000; market firm

ESTIMATES FOR TO-MORROW.

Wheat 190, Corn, 420; Oats, 120.
Hogs 15,000.

Puts " May wheat 65⅛
Calls " May " 65⅝
Puts on May corn 38⅛
Calls " " " 38⅝

Wheat opened from ⅝ to ¾ lower, but sold right up.

Corn opened at yesterday's closing prices, and varied very little.

The opening prices on oats were the same as yesterday's closing. May opening at 30⅝ and selling up.

Somewhat Remarkable.

While others in our line of business are complaining bitterly of the terribly dull trade, we really are not kicking. The class of merchandise we handle and the prices we make seems to fill the bill and our trade keeps up.

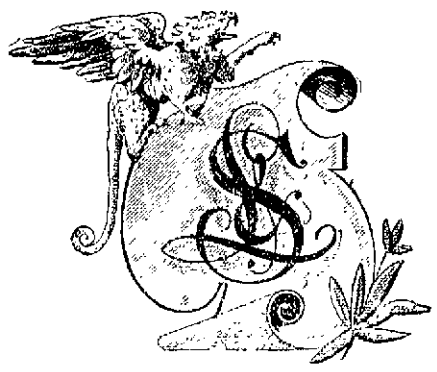
We are offering Wonderful Bargains in Dress Goods, Prints, Ginghams, Flannels, Sheetings, Shirtings, Blankets, Etc.

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED HATS and BONNETS and all Millinery Merchandise at *Fifty to Sixty-Five Cents on the Dollar.*

A few Choice FUR CAPES, MUFFS, COLLARS and Children's Sets at the Lowest Price ever known.

☞ We are still giving a premium on all cash purchases of three dollars and up of Spoons, Trays, Forks, Nutpicks Napkin Rings, Etc.

S. G. HATCH & BRO.,
151 East Main Street.



Simmons Scruggs

DRY GOODS & CARPET CO

Importers & Retailers. Decatur, Ill.

On Tuesday, January 2, 1894,

WE COMMENCE OUR

ANNUAL CUT PRICE SALE.

Absolute Clearing Sale in All Departments.

THOUSANDS OF SHREWD WOMEN HAVE BEEN WAITING FOR THIS GREAT JANUARY SALE.

We will try and make your money go just twice as far this year as it did during our Great January Sale of last year.

$125,000 Worth of Dry Goods and Carpets

TO BE SOLD REGARDLESS OF COST.

Don't Fail to Take Advantage of this Sale.

Cut Price in Silks and Velvets.

17 pieces Fancy Bengaline Silk, extra fine quality, and heavy, formerly sold at $1 25 and $1.35 ..... Cut price, $1 00

14 pieces Changeable Peau de Soie Silk, in variety of shades, formerly sold at $1.00 ..... Cut price, 69c

19 pieces Figured Surah Changeable all pure Silk, worth $1.25 ..... Cut price, 89c

24 pieces Colored Silk Velvets, worth 75c ..... Cut price, 49c

Cut Prices in Dress Goods.

36 pieces 38-inch all wool Henrietta, in all colors, all new goods, and have never been sold less than 50c ..... Cut price, 29c

40 pieces 54-inch all-wool Serge and Tricot Cloth, with three rows of trimming; this cloth never sold less than $1.00 and $1.25 per yard ..... Cut price 59c
Requires but 5 yards for dress.

75 pieces 54-inch all-wool Habit Cloth, all colors, worth 69 to 75c ..... Cut price, 49c

100 pieces 36-inch Manchester Fancy Cashmere, formerly sold at 25c ..... Cut price, 11½c

75 pieces 36-inch Jacquard Suitings, in all colors, worth 30c ..... Cut price, 19c

1000 Dress Patterns cut to $1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00 and 5.00

60 pieces 38-inch all-wool English Serges, in all colors, formerly sold at 50c ..... Cut price, 29c

Cut Price in Cotton Goods.

100 pieces Fancy Ginghams formerly sold at 12½ and 15c ..... Cut price, 9c

40 pieces Figured Bedford Cord, formerly sold at 12½c ..... Cut price, 5c

87 pieces extra heavy Foxhall Figured Suitings, splendid article for House Dresses, formerly sold at 12½ and 15c Cut price, 9c

1000 short lengths of sateens, China Silks, Edinborough Cord, Palatina Silks, worth 12½ and 15c ..... Cut price, 5c per yd

REMEMBER—Cut Prices in All Departments.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

THE BEST EMERGENCY MEDICINE

FOR THE CURE OF

Croup, Whooping Cough,
LaGrippe, Colds,
Coughs, Bronchitis,
Hoarseness, Loss of Voice,
AND ALL DISEASES

Throat and Lung Troubles

Threatening Every Household

Prompt to act, sure to cure

MADE AN ASSIGNMENT

Failure of the Montgomery Iron Co of Port Kennedy

NORRISTOWN Pa Jan 3 The Montgomery Iron Co of Port Kennedy made an assignment to the Guarantee Trust and Safe Deposit Co of Harrisburg for the benefit of creditors A S Patterson the president of the company declined when approached to estimate the assets of the company which are mostly real estate The liabilities are $1 000 He did not think these would amount to 50 per cent

The failure was foreshadowed a few days ago by that of the Malvone Rolling Mills Pa for which have their general offices in Philadelphia and Mr Abraham S Patterson being president of both

The Montgomery Iron Co was established in 1854 Its authorized capital $1 000 000 which has all been paid in It has and always has been a close corporation and the amount of its bonds paid has never been publicly stated The annual capacity of the plant is 4 000 gross tons President Patterson is the Joseph S Patterson who is secretary treasurer and general manager of the company

Long Distance Skaters Matched

NEW YORK Jan 3 Dennis Donoghue champion amateur long distance skater of America and A D Nisson champion of the distance skaters of New Zealand met yesterday at Lexington Ave rink where arrangements were made for a match race The distance is five miles for the championship and fifty miles for a purse of $1 000 Donoghue will train at Newburgh while Nisson will get ready at Lodi and lake

News by Telegraph

The Republican members of the Foreign Affairs committee in their report in the Hawaiian case argue that President Cleveland has overstepped his authority in the matter

Prof Shurtleff of Indian Pa College Sunday shot and killed his young wife whom he married only a month ago The lady had been down with the grip

John Cummings, while drunk Sunday morning at Omaha set fire to his own house, and five persons were burned to death in putting the drunkard

The output of gold in Colorado is given at $8 000 000 an increase over 1892 of nearly $3 000 000

In Chicago Sunday too devoted wife of Daniel Healey shot him in the groin Healey had called to see the woman and she refused to admit him He attempted to use force and collided with the bullet

Offer or Death

Adam Herold at one time state treasurer of California committed suicide Friday by hanging He was an applicant for appointment to the superintendency of the United States mint at San Francisco and failed to receive the appointment He became despondent over his failure and ended his own life

FARMERS' COLUMN.

Farm for Sale or Rent

[illegible]

FOR SALE AND RENT [illegible] d&wtf

WANTED A GOOD STOCK FARM [illegible] d&wtf

FARM FOR SALE The well known Latter [illegible] d&wtf

MONEY [illegible] loans on farms and city business property at 6 per cent interest Apply to A T SUMMERS, No 145 North Water Street over Peterson's carpet house, Decatur Illinois julyl6 d&wtf

REAR-END COLLISION,

Followed by Fire, on the Union Pacific Railroad.

THREE PERSONS KILLED AND BURNED,

Three Others Fatally and Many Severely Injured—A Handful of Charred Bones all that Remains of the Victims

KANSAS CITY Mo Jan 3—Yesterday afternoon under the ashes and twisted iron of what had been a passenger coach a caboose and two freight cars a wrecking crew found a few handfuls of human bones, and the battered cases and wrecked works of two gold watches Not a particle of flesh not a shred of clothing not another trinket of any kind was found to identify the bones of those who perished painfully in a collision and wreck closely followed by fire near Linwood twenty seven miles west of Kansas City on the Union Pacific at 5 30 yesterday morning

One man is known certainly to have perished in the wreck J H Atwood conductor of one of the trains who met his death while bravely trying to warn his passengers of their danger Two other men stockmen are missing and are believed to have perished but this will not be definitely known until the Union Pacific surgeon has made a thorough examination of the few bones recovered from the ashes of the burned car

The list of dead however doubtless is

Jay H Atwood conductor Union Pacific train Kansas City Mo

W R Martin stockman of Wakefield Kan

Herman Smarz stockman of Clay Center Kan

To this list bern many hours will surely be added two others, for of the eleven injured three are fatally hurt

The list of the injured is as follows

George W Hoskins stockman of Randolph Kan back burned below neck will die

B F Olsten stockman of Hill City Kan fatally injured internally cut about head

F M McCrea stockman of Lescott Kan head badly cut will probably die

C W Fairbury stockman of Ollesburg Kan arm broken and head cut

C Ditmar stockman Elmo Kan arm broken and head cut

Joseph Fortunat stockman Concordia Kan nose broken and head badly cut and bruised

William Hedges stockman of Delphos Kan head cut and arm burned and bruised

Dan Lyle stockman of Bellevue Kan arm dislocated and head cut

C W Spencer stockman Clyde Kan fatally cut on the head

W F Gilmore stockman Elmo Kan spine injured shoulder and internally

F L Wright stockman Concordia Kan rib broken

C W Mason stockman Concordia Kan rib broken

The wreck was caused by a freight on the Rock Island railway which crosses the Union Pacific track between Kansas City and Topeka running into the rear end of a mixed freight and passenger train of the Union Pacific Both trains were coming to Kansas City and were in most on when the accident occurred They were a few minutes late and the Rock Island train was running fast to make up time The Union Pacific train was near a water tank west of Linwood and was slowing up when the other train crashed into it Ahead of the two trains was another Union Pacific freight

It is said that the train thrown out a burning signal as a warning for the train behind but this can not be positively stated It is claimed that the second train failed to throw out a similar signal and this is given as the cause of the disaster

The Battlefield of Shiloh

The committee which was sent to the Shiloh battlefield to secure that famous field for a great national memorial park have returned They secured 2500 acres, covering the main battlefield at a very reasonable price, and will recommend that the government purchase the land for the purpose of a park for the thousands of graves scattered all over the battlefield The movement is indorsed by many thousands of the citizens of the battlefield north and south A grand dedicatory reunion will be held on the battlefield April 6 and 7 1894 The committee was Col L Lee secretary Dr W Wolfman treasurer and Capt R C M Meehan one of the vice presidents of the association

Bradshaw Gets Five Years

William H Bradshaw who ran away last summer with $1000 of his wife's money and a girl named Anna Stevens was sentenced at Taylorville Saturday to five years in the penitentiary for enticing a female from home for immoral purposes Bradshaw's wife applied for a divorce shortly after his escapade, but later dismissed the suit The wife paid Decatur a visit and solicited the aid of the Decatur police in tracing her truant husband She stopped at the Hotel Brunswick, and was here for business She finally found Bradshaw and had him arrested and prosecuted without mercy

Postoffice Robbed

The postoffice in Green Valley, near Peking on the P, D & E railway, was robbed Sunday night The robbers blew open a safe and secured $15 in cash, $35 worth of stamps and $155 worth of watches and jewelry from the store in which the office is located A reward of $200 is offered for the apprehension of the thieves This is the second time the office has been robbed

Bell Well Known in Shelbyville.

Jonathan Edward Bell, now under arrest at Long Island City, N Y, charged with the murder of his daughter, is well if not favorably known in Shelbyville. In 1885 he came there from Burton, O, and took the pastorate of the Presbyterian church under the name of J Edward Carton Suspicions were aroused and an investigation proved him to be the worst kind of a fraud He then made, as he claimed a clean breast of his crookedness and was received into the Christian church, first as a layman and then as a pastor, having resumed, as he claimed, his original name of Jonathan Edward Bell Here he ran his course in six months, and when next heard from was pastor of a Baptist church in Paw Paw, Mich. Here his wife was buried, leaving him with six children. He returned to the east and became editor of the Long Island City *Republican* He and his wife are now charged with cruelty to his children, and finally with the death by exposure and starvation of the 14 year old daughter of the first wife

Sales of Real Estate

Emmo R Bachman to George W Wilson, lot 21, block 1, P H Brueck's addition to Decatur—$1200

Nora Pritchett to Adam Gebhart, lot 3 block 2 Harpstrite & Staudeman's subdivision in 23, 16, 2 east—$1 00

Mary E. Collins to Alice Jackson, deed to lot 2 block 1, W J Quinlan's addition, $1300

Martin C Herman to Thomas L Dempsey, deed to lot 12, block 2, Wood's West Park addition, $350

Balser Nein to Clarance B Currier, deed to lot 13 block 1, Wood's addition of outlots, $1250.

Henry Schoolcraft to Andrew Hemingway deed to tract of land in 16, 17 4 east, $87 50

Joseph L Berry to Austin Durham, quit claim to 60 acres in 26, 17, 3 east—$1.00.

Charles E Schroll to Otto E Curtis lot 17 in block 2 of Hunter Bros' addition to Decatur—$2,000

Wm Portwood to James M Portwood, five acres in the southeast corner of the southeast quarter, and seventeen and one half acres off the east side of the west half of the southeast quarter, all in the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter, in 14 14, 2 east—$1,237

Sarah J Tribbey to Mary Tribbey, all that part of the south half of lot 6 in D L Allen's addition to Decatur—$850

Charles P Wood to W H Starr, lot 22 in block 3 in Riverside Place—$450

W H Price to G P Blume, lot 7 in J N Bills addition to Decatur—$1 400

Fannie V Stafford to H J Votaw, lot 8 in H S Evans' Second subdivision—$1 500

Death of Prof Wilkins

Prof Daniel Wilkins, who at one time was professor of languages in the Wesleyan university at Bloomington and subsequently county superintendent of schools of McLean county, died at his home in Chicago yesterday Prof Wilkins started the Farmer City *Journal* and in 1874 went to Chicago and became superintendent of the Washingtonian home, which position he held until he he was forced by ill health to resign it in 1891 He was 73 years old at the time of his death. He was the founder of the Union League, an organization formed during the war to counteract the treasonable influences of the Knights of the Golden Circle

A Tragic Death

Sister Blandia lost her life by an accident at St John's hospital at Springfield yesterday. In attempting to descend from the third floor to the lower floor by means of the elevator she made a misstep and her head was caught between the elevator, which was in motion, and the wall After hanging a moment in mid air she fell to the basement below Sister Blandia has been connected with the hospital for the past three years, and was only 21 years of age Her home was at Belleville, and she was known to the world as Miss Mary Yax

Died at the Age of 104

Mrs Elizabeth Lynch, said to be 104 years of age, died on Tuesday Jan 2, at the home of her daughter, Mrs Thomas Evans southwest of Decatur 4½ miles Her last illness was of brief duration. She was the widow of William Lynch The children are Mrs Thomas Evans, John Lynch of Indiana, Henry Lynch of Kansas Thomas Lynch of Missouri, Mrs Susan Sherrick of Maros, Ill, and A Lynch of this city Mrs Lynch was undoubtedly the oldest woman in the county

Going to Chicago

Miss Oka Calvin, teacher at the Marietta street school, this city, has decided to go to Chicago and teach in the schools of that city She is to receive an increase of $200 over her Decatur salary for the present year, and will get an increase of $300 next year Miss Calvin will leave for Chicago as soon as the Decatur board secures some one to take her place at the Marietta street school

Adjudged Insane

In the county court to day John McNamara a native of Ireland single, aged 24 years, son of Patrick McNamara, was adjudged insane by the jury Dr J G Harvey, S M Holmes Richard Hixson W. A Holman, Sam Stabler and J C Millspaugh The patient will be taken to the asylum at Kankakee

JANUARY 1st there was a cut in the wages of the electric street car men at Peoria, the swipe being a reduction of 11 per cent on those receiving $13 a week, and 7 per cent for those receiving $10 a week No strike is apprehended

IT was a German woman, Mme Emma Seiler, who first discovered the method of head notes the highest notes in the female voice She devoted herself to the study of the larynx at the dissection table, and was rewarded by finding two small cartilages in the vocal chords which produced these sounds

THE NEIGHBORING TOWNS.

BLUE MOUND

Chas Lewis, senior is confined to his home with symptoms of la grippe

L M McKee, proprietor of the Blue Mound hotel, has been sick several days, but is better now

Rev W L. Baakson is laid up with rheumatism

J W, Little is also on the sick list.

C F McElroy went to Niantic to spend New Year's with his parents, and a letter received from his mother says he is quite sick, being taken suddenly soon after his arrival there Saturday night. Cal Reemsnyder will manage the paper until Charlie is able to return and take charge of it.

Rev. D O. Gifin was here and preached in the U. B church Saturday evening and Sunday morning and evening

Mr and Mrs. Jacob Morganstein returned Tuesday evening from their holiday visit at Lebanon, Mo.

There were 13 additions to the U B church during the protracted meeting which closed Sunday evening

Taxes in Blue Mound are nearly a third less this winter than last, but on account of the Democratic pinch now on it is just about as hard to pay the lesser amount now as it was to pay the larger sum then

Opossum was served at Tankersley's restaurant New Year's evening

Friday, the 5th inst, is the time announced for Williams & Linehart to open up the new drug store in the McClusky brick

If there was more than one drunk man here New Year's day they were out of sight

D N McClusky and Dr. Wm Stuver attended the funeral of a brother Odd Fellow at Moweaqua Sunday

L F Abrams, photograper, of Decatur, spent New Year's here with his parents, Mr and Mrs Frank Abrams

John C Nichols is expecting a position as agent and telegrapher at some point on the Wabash soon

Born, to Mr and Mrs Frank Young Dec 28 a boy 10 lbs

Mrs J F Ward spent the holidays at Mason City

Dr. J B Matthews made a professional visit to Mt. Auburn Friday

B F Young of Stonington, was here Saturday

Bruce Schrant a student of Rush Medical College Chicago, visited Jacob Waltz here last Thursday

Dr Catto, of Decatur was here Saturday

Mrs Daniel Masters is very sick with la grippe

A little stranger weighing 9 lbs, gladdened the home of Mr and Mrs Fred Lehman Saturday night

AVENA NEWS

The K of P Lodge at this place gave a supper on last Saturday night to their families and a few invited friends A very enjoyable time is reported

The entertainment given by the children under the management of Mrs H, T Athey at the Armstrong hall on Christmas night was enjoyed by an audience of over three hundred persons

The funeral of Mrs Martha Wilson took place from the residence on Elm street at 1 o clock yesterday Interment at C P cemetery

J W Stevens was called to Warrensburg Monday by a telegram announcing the sudden death of his father

Mrs Charles Barber who has been visiting relatives here left for her home in Springfield Tuesday

Walter Carr and Chas Denison students at Ann Arbor are spending vacation with home folks

Mr Melvin a student of Lincoln University preached at the C P church on last Sunday also the preceding Sunday While here he is the guest of the Shaffer brothers and Ralph Griffin fellow students at the University

Miss Minnie Ballenger of Warrensburg spent the holidays with friends here

Mrs W J Fleming is visiting with relatives at Seymour

Mrs L C Ruddock and son Johnnie are visiting at Cerro Gordo

Miss Emma Chenoweth is visiting relatives at Monticello

Some members of the D of R lodge visited the D of R lodge at Monticello on Thursday night

Mrs Chas Crossley of Cerro Gordo is visiting her parents Mr and Mrs Aaron Bricker

Grandma Evans is visiting her daughter at Long Creek

School opened Tuesday after a week's vacation enjoyed by teachers and pupils Principal Keller, as usual, presented the pupils in his room with a number of useful books to remain in the school library

AMUSEMENTS COMING

THE COUNTY FAIR

Lovers of the country and country life will be given an opportunity for enjoyment in the production of The County Fair at the Grand opera house Tuesday evening Jan 9th

The County Fair is a great success throughout the land is familiar to play goers It is essentially a story of the country and country folk and the scent of clover and the sheen of yellow corn permeates it It is full of laughable episodes and presents characters whose prototypes may be seen at any time in farm lands of New England Abigail Prue a spinster adopts two waifs who aid her in relieving the mortgage from her farm by means of her speedy colt Cold Molasses who wins a race and secures a swing purse This episode naturally introduces a great effect viz a real horse race which is accomplished by means of Neil Burgess patent running platforms Already the electricians have arranged the stage for the operation of this mechanism and this feature will begin in the entirety The other features will be illustrated in lively business fashion [illegible]

SCALLIN

[illegible] Dover artist [illegible] will appear at this Grand [illegible] Starling [illegible] has been greatly improved [illegible] seen here and the management are now [illegible]

List of Patents

Granted to Illinois inventors this week Reported by C A Snow & Co, Solicitors of American and foreign patents Opp U S Patent Office Washington, D C E Fahrig Marseilles, process of and apparatus for manufacturing azone gas, C F [illegible] Reside, machine for and method of [illegible] coiled wire fabric G W Lewis Peru, gas engine H B Pitner Princeton, upholstering device O S Rice Evanston safety device for electric circuits B H Selden Harvey drawing table P A L Tribue Girard baling press

THE [illegible] with which Ayers Cherry Pectoral stops a hacking cough and gives refreshing sleep is something marvelous It never fails to give instant relief even in the worst cases of throat and lung trouble and is the best remedy for whooping cough

A FOOT-HOLD for Consumption is what you are offering, if your blood is impure. Consumption is simply Lung Scrofula. A scrofulous condition, with a slight cough or cold, is all that it needs to develop it

But just as it depends upon the blood for its origin, so it depends upon the blood for its cure The surest remedy for Scrofula in every form, the most effective blood cleanser, flesh-builder, and strength-restorer that's known to medical science, is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. For Consumption in all its earlier stages, and for Weak Lungs, Asthma, Severe Coughs, and all Bronchial, Throat and Lung affections, that is the only remedy so unfailing that it can be *guaranteed.* If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back

For a perfect and permanent cure of Catarrh, take Doctor Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Its proprietors offer $500 reward for an incurable case of Catarrh in the Head.

Costs only 50 cents.

BOSTON STORE

108 North Water Street,

NEXT DOOR TO MILLIKIN'S BANK.

UNLOADING SALE

IN FULL BLAST!

GOODS GOING AT LESS THAN VALUE.

Best 8½c Apron Checks to go at 5c
Best 7c Prints out to 5c
15c Cotton Flannel to go at 10c.
Sample Line of Towels at about half price
Ladies' Cashmere Hose 40c kind at 25c
All our Fancy Goods to go at about half price
Special Sales in Dress Goods of all kinds.
Corsets, value 65c, at 39c
Corsets, value 75c at 48c.
Corsets, value $1 25, at 89c

MEN'S GOODS.

Closing out a stock of Men's, Boys and Children's Clothing regardless of cost or value, as it must go
Men's Overalls, Shirts and Duck Coats all go at Reduced Prices to lower our stock

GIVE US A CALL

BOSTON STORE

Beginning His Third Year's Visit to Decatur.

Certainly This Means Success and a Good Practice.

DR. D. D. REA,

Surgeon and Specialist

Who has created such a sensation in around Chicago, by curing diseases that almost baffled the medical fraternity of the country, and by the request of many friends and patients he has decided to visit

DECATUR,

AT THE

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,

Thursday, Feb. 1, 1894,

Return Every Month to Remain a Day During the Year

Dr Rea has been connected with the largest hospital in the country, and has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities He will give $50 for any case that he can not tell the disease and where located in five minutes He will return to Decatur every month to remain one day

Treats all curable medical and surgical diseases Acute and Chronic Catarrh Diseases of the Eye and Nose, Throat and Lungs Dyspepsia Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver Bladder Chronic Female and Special Diseases

Epilepsy or Fits Cured.

A Positive Guarantee

YOUNG AND MIDDLE-AGED MEN

Suffering from Spermatorrhea and impotency the result of self abuse in youth or excess in mature years and other causes, producing some of the following effects as emission blotches, nervousness dizziness, confusion of ideas, aversion of society defective memory, and sexual exhaustion, which unfit the victims for business or marriage are permanently cured by remedies not injurious

Blood and Skin Diseases.

Syphilis and complications as sore throat, falling of the hair pain in the bones eruptions, etc, are perfectly eradicated without using mercury or other injurious drugs Gonorrhea gleet, strictures and all urinary and kidney troubles are speedily cured by treatment that has never failed He undertakes no incurable cases but cures thousands given up to die Remember the date and come early, as his rooms are always crowded wherever he stops

Consultation Free.

Correspondence solicited and confidential. Address Dr. D. D. Rea, No. 222 Paulina Street, Chicago, Ill.

SPECIAL SALE.

We will offer GREAT BARGAINS in our ART ROOM for the next few days.

Piano Lamps, Banquet Lamps, Boudoir Lamps, Card Stands, Screens, all sizes; Umbrella Stands, Statuary and everything in that department.

We propose to CLEAR OUT enough goods from this department to reduce the line to where it should be at this season of the year.

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.,

Jewelers and Dealers in Fine China.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

Entered at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter

DEMOCRATIC administrations stimulate the business of lawyers and sheriffs

MORE Democratic statesmen are being incarcerated in New York for committing frauds at the recent election.

LATEST reports indicate that President Cleveland is no more successful as a hunter than he proved to be as a queen-restorer

THE president may be a man of great courage, but he lacks the backbone necessary to allow a Democratic congress to increase the tax on beer and whisky.

WHEN Mr Cleveland was out of office after his first term he was arbiter in four important cases and his decision in each case has since been reversed by the courts

THE best thing the Colorado legislature could possibly do when it meets in special session would be to impeach the fool governor that called them together

NOW is the time to subscribe for the DECATUR WEEKLY REPUBLICAN Eighteen hundred and ninety four will be a campaign year and every Republican in the county should have the county Republican paper

NOT a day passes in congress that there are not from 20 to 50 petitions from all parts of the country signed by from 100 to thousands of workingmen, presented to that body remonstrating against the passage of the Wilson bill

THE petition of the people of Troy New York against the passage of the Wilson bill contains 7310 names and weighs 110 pounds [illegible] bound in book form [illegible] pages [illegible] that [illegible] Wilson it would reduce but to free raw material in about the [illegible] part of a second

IOWA will get the Wilson tariff bill down pretty fine when he said, in the views of the minority, that the bill proposed to let everything that goes into the mill pay no free and taxes everything that comes out of the mill for consumption Such an absurd proposition could not emanate from any other than Democratic statesmanship

JUDGE JENKINS, the Democratic federal Judge appointed to succeed Gresham, has issued an order restraining the employes of the Northern Pacific railroad from striking on account of a reduction in wages of from 10 to 20 per cent The Decatur *Review* will probably overlook this fact as it cannot very well use it to show that wages are being raised in spite of the Wilson bill

THE Mahoning, Pa, rolling mills went into the hands of receivers this week Abraham S Patterson, the president of the company when asked the reason, replied "Cleveland for president and the Wilson tariff bill" Probably Mr Patterson does not know as much about the relation of tariff to business as Mr Wilson does [illegible] throws 1000 more men out of employment

THE Gilbert Islands, which England [illegible] by raising [illegible] which are part of the Mu[illegible] in the Pacific Ocean [illegible] south and west [illegible] thirty minutes north and [illegible] and 174 east, contain a population of 30,000 The people are [illegible] and paidanus

THE last [illegible] in forcible possession of the Gilbert Islands in the Pacific Ocean, while at the same time the English press has been patting Grover Cleveland on the back for his great wisdom in refusing the Sandwich Islands when they were offered to the United States without money and without price England knows a chump statesman when it sees him and it knows how to work him

SOME of the Democratic papers regard the firing of the morning and evening gun in the American army and navy, which it is estimated costs the government $30,000 a year, as a useless expenditure but they have nothing to say of the waste of public money in sending special vessels to Honolulu growing out of the attempt of Cleveland and Gresham to restore the queen and later on to cover up their tracks after they failed to carry out the job

WHEN the British seized the Gilbert islands they deposed the king and raised the British flag on each of the fifteen islands in the group, which shows how sincere the English were when they commended the magnanimity of Grover Cleveland in causing the lowering of the American flag at Honolulu because the Hawaiians are a weak people. The British flag means something to the English government The American flag does not seem to mean anything to Cleveland

DEMOCRATIC newspapers and Democratic statesmen may prate all they please about the Wilson tariff bill, with the view of holding workingmen in the Democratic party where they are expected to continue to vote against their own interests, but the fact stands out boldly in history that not a single petition has come from Washington in favor of the passage of that bill, while on the contrary the number of petitions from workingmen and manufacturers have been sent in by the congressmen to prevent the passage of the bill

Looking for Scapegoats.

There are a great many Democratic bosses looking for scapegoats to carry away the sins and shortcomings of the party in power Next to the claim that the Republicans were closing their mills and reducing the wages of their men for the effect it would have on the election in Iowa, Ohio, Massachusetts, New York and Pennsylvania, is the claim that Australia, with a total population of only 4,000,000, by a little financial flurry in 1891, has caused the business of this country, with its 65,000,000 people, to suspend.

This assumption is troubled with a weakness of the spine and lower limbs, as may be seen from the fact that if one may assume that a financial event in so weak a country, numerically and financially, as Australia may exert an influence over the whole world, a financial event in the United States may exert a greater influence Now it happens that the school of political economists now in power in this country have never been able to see that anything this great country does has any influence with the business of other countries While they assume to believe that Liverpool fixes the price of the products of this country, they have never been able to see that the products of this country had any influence on prices at Liverpool They can argue that a protective tariff shuts out the products of foreign countries and keeps us out of the markets of the world with our products, but they never concede that such a process injures any country except this hence it is easy for them to contend that the financial troubles of four million people in Australia has caused all our trouble

But the fact that we are the first manufacturing country by two times and have a greater market by five times, than England, France, Germany and Spain combined, shows that as a nation we exert some trade and financial influence over the world

Now it is true that the influence of a certain event in the history of our country was seriously felt in European countries about the time it is claimed the influence of the Australian trouble was felt there The McKinly tariff law took effect the middle of the year 1890 and it built up industries in this country at the expense of the manufacturers of Europe

The result there, first, was a reduction in wages in the tinplate industries, and such other industries producing goods on which that law raised duties, with the view of holding their own in this market in spite of the law. The manufacturers of England and other countries in Europe were free to admit that that law injured them It hurt their trade in this market very materially Only last Wednesday in its review of trade for the year, the *Pall Mall Gazette*, London, says

'The general trade has been worse than 189' Last year ended with an enormous loss of imports and exports but as 1893 draws to a close 1892 shows brighter when compared with the present gloom over the country's industries In the first eleven months of 1893 imports declined over £17,000,000 as compared with the first eleven months of 1892 while exports were reduced £6,500,000 There has been an unbroken decline since 1891 in the quantity and quality of these goods cotton for the last four although most European countries have increased their demand for cotton goods and the returns show a marked improvement the eastern demand on the contrary is waning The orders for China and Japan are gradually growing small and Turkey also has received less The American trade has steadily advanced What effect the change in tariff in the United States will bring about is a matter of conjecture

It is quite clear then, that the McKinley tariff had much to do with depression in Europe as the Australian flurry The *Pall Mall Gazette*, while it speaks of America's influence in trade, does not deem the Australian matter worthy of mention, which shows how lame the assumption that we have been put in our present condition by events in Australia is

The depression in this country cannot be legitimately traced to any other source than the return of the Democratic party to power with its destructive influence on American industries, and it follows, too, that the depression here must be felt in Europe and Canada It cannot be otherwise, because this nation, being great in its trading power, is a factor in fixing the conditions in other countries [illegible]

The review shows that 189 was worse for England than 1892 It was worse because the consumptive power of the United States was destroyed, by the return of the Democrats to power followed by depression in our business

IF Mr Springer votes for free coal in the interest of Whitney and the company of schemers who have bought the Nova Scotia coal fields and in whose interest coal is to be made free in the Wilson tariff bill, he will very likely hear something drop in the election next fall as the mining interests in this district are pretty extensive

THE Lincoln *Journal* says, a lady was heard to remark that she did go home and sew on a Democratic badge for her husband On being asked what the badge was she replied A patch on the seat of his trousers, made necessary setting around with nothing to do

ANDREW CARNEGIE has offered to duplicate all contributions made by citizens of Pittsburg for the [illegible] to the extent of $5000 for each working day for two months If the [illegible] should be realized the [illegible] amount to over $25,000

Great Is Depew.

The Democratic press may know where its party leaders are at," but the information we get from it does not so indicate. That press and the leaders lied their party into power and because prosperity has refused to keep house with it, the same Democratic press and Democratic leaders, instead of trying to do something statesmanlike to win back prosperity, are trying to lie out of the responsibility for the present deplorable condition of labor and industry.

The Decatur *Review* has done its part in trying to prove an alibi for its party Its latest effort is a marvel of ingenuity, being no less than an effort to show that the entire trouble did not emanate from the success of the Democratic party at the polls, but from the financial troubles in Australia, which spread from thence over Europe, resulting in great depression there, and finally involved this country and produced our business depression. This is a happy thought and is based on a statement made by Chauncey Depew in an interview on his return from Europe in which he says that business is depressed in that country and that the beginning of that depression synchronizes with the financial troubles in Australia

When Mr Depew was on the stump in 1892 in the interest of the Republican party and protection, when he told the country that the McKinley tariff law had stimulated business and made the country more prosperous than it was ever before, when he said that the return of the Democrats to power and a reversal of this policy would bring depression in business and idleness to our workmen, the same people who are so ready to accommodate what he now says about depression in Europe, to impose for Democratic responsibility for our troubles in 1893 charged that Mr Depew did not know what he was talking about or that he was talking from the standpoint of a bloated bondholder and that on the contrary Democratic success meant a greater revival of business than the country ever had But the revival did not follow Democratic success, instead depression began as soon as the result of the election was known and has gathered force ever since The era of Democratic excuses began as soon as business depression began. First the McKinly tariff was the cause, but this excuse fell before the refusal of Cleveland to call a special session of congress for its repeal Next silver purchase was the cause and a special session of congress was called to repeal the law In his message Mr. Cleveland said the silver law was the cause of idle wheels, idle workmen, and the general unsettled condition of our financial affairs The Democratic press, taking its cue from Mr Cleveland, broke out and charged all our troubles to bad Republican legislation, and the country was called to witness the revival of business as soon as the Democrats should repeal the silver purchase law The law was repealed our manufactories continued to close, more men were made idlers as the days rolled by and another Democratic prediction went with the wind

But now, groping in the dark, they have put their hands on a scarecrow in Mr Depew's interview and they have become convinced that the Australian trouble which occurred in 1891 is the cause of our troubles in spite of the assumption that the Democratic party from every [illegible] that the Republican laws no [illegible] stability are responsible for the [illegible] in this country

but what of the excuse A panic in Australia prostrates business in the United States to the extent of making 5,000,000 more idle suspending 100 banks and putting 60 railroads into the hands of receivers No man of business sense believes any such thing The business done by the United States in 1892 amounted to 60 billion dollars worth [illegible] the business of Australia is a drop in the bucket [illegible] United States does more business, in proportion to [illegible] than all the nations of Europe put together and a flurry in Australia will not serve as an excuse for our troubles There is only one power that can hurt the business of America, and that is the power of the Democratic party That power is now hurting the country now, and the country will recover soon after the Democratic party [illegible]

[illegible] of the petitions [illegible] protesting against passage of the Wilson tariff [illegible] *Congressional Record* for Dec 11

By Mr Turpin Petition of 2,246 citizens of Birmingham, Ala, protesting against putting iron ore and coal on the free list, and also, by same member, petitions of 130 citizens of Gurnee, Ala, 246 citizens of Bessemer Ala 217 citizens of Blossburg Ala 126 of Johns, Ala 144 of Blockton Ala, 275 of Robertson, Ala 351 of Columbiana, Ala 127 of Montevallo Ala and [illegible] of Bibb [illegible] Ala protesting against the passage of the Democratic tariff bill In these [illegible] the record is shown [illegible] the [illegible] bill which provides [illegible] protection [illegible]

[illegible] *Record* [illegible] *Congressional Record* [illegible] are sent [illegible]

THE New York *Sun* is one of the few Democratic papers that is not afraid to talk out, and has the honesty to do it too, even when its opinions amount to a criticism of its party The *Sun* addresses Prof Wilson, who is the reputed author of the new tariff bill, thus, "If you are not man enough to make the kind of tariff you said you would, why did you not let the McKinley tariff alone, instead of stirring up doubt, depressing business, unsettling values, raising hob with manufacturers, lowering wages, shutting up shops, and aggravating the slump generally by an unprincipled paring of the tariff? This is strong language, but strong language will be used, and there is some justification for it Overhauling the tariff is always a ticklish operation. A bad tariff to which business has once adjusted itself is much better than standing about in the dark while a new one is made. The country was willing, presumably, to undergo the reverses that must precede or accompany the destruction of one system of taxation and the substitution of another. In that case there would be a principle at stake and temporary disaster would be lightened by the hope of the good times which the apostles of the change have predicted But to raise especial Erebus merely for the purpose of making another tariff on the same old plan, protection according to Wilson instead of protection according to McKinley, was it worth the while? Can the results be significant enough to compensate for all the disturbance and the loss? As the point of party honor seems not to be regarded by the ways and means committee, let them take the point of utility"

THOSE who undertook, in the interest of parochial schools in Maryland, to force by legislation a division of the school fund have discovered more opposition than they dreamed of Maryland is a Democratic state, but it was before when there was an attempt on the part of a certain church to interfere with state matters Maryland voted for Know nothingism The interference with state matters on the part of such churches always breeds knownothing and kindred organizations, and when such organizations spring up from such causes such churches have no valid reason for complaint

GRESHAM made up his mind to indulge in a bit of jingoism in the Brazilian affair, but matters there have assumed such shape that the great poker diplomat don't know which side to land on He probably realizes that he made a bad leap when he landed in the Democratic party and this is calculated to make him very cautious about presuming that everything that comes along on wheels is a band wagon

"I HAVE not come here to talk but to act," said Minister Willis when he reached Honolulu with orders from Cleveland and Gresham to restore the queen. Well, he has not talked, and the only record there is of his acts are recorded in certain dispatches to the state department that that department is a road to make public

NEW LIFE

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment is sold under a written guarantee by all druggists, to cure Weak Memory, Loss of Brain and Nerve Power, Lost Manhood, Quickness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervous Debility, Headache, Wakefulness, Lassitude, all Drains, Loss of Power in the Generative Organs in either sex, caused by Overwork, Sickness, Worry, Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor, which soon lead to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. By mail a box for $1, with written guarantee to cure or refund money. WEST'S CAPSULES, a certain cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat. Pleasant to take. Small size 40 cents, contains 60 Capsules, 25 cents, old size now 50 cents. GEARHART & SHUTT, sole agents only by

FRANK J. BLAINE, Druggist 230 North Water Street Decatur Ill may15 d&w1yr

WEST'S LIVER PILLS [illegible] Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache and Indigestion [illegible]

New York Weekly Tribune

—AND—

Decatur Weekly Republican,

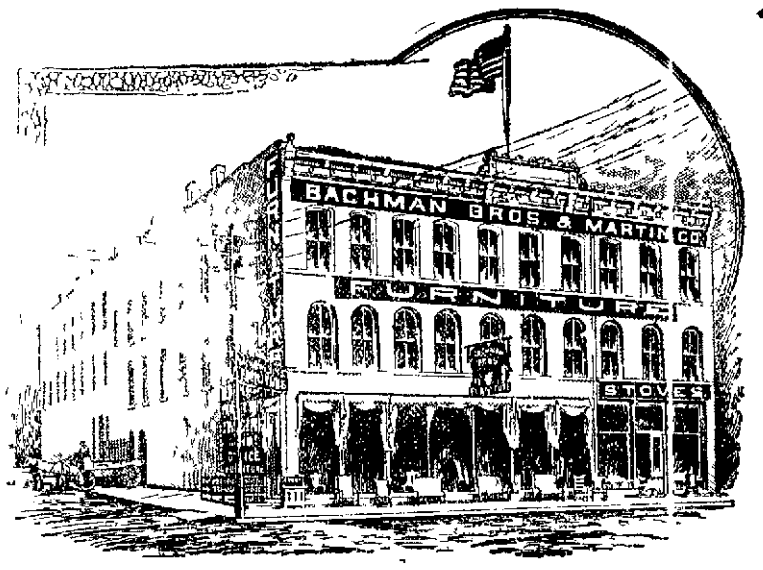
ONE YEAR,

$1.25.

Address all orders to

HAMSHER & CALHOUN, Decatur, Ill.

DOWN! DOWN! DOWN!



OUR STOCK IS TOO LARGE.

In order to reduce our stock before our annual invoice we will make **SWEEPING REDUCTIONS** on our entire line. **MANY GOODS WILL GO AT COST.** Should you need anything in the way of Furniture it will pay you to buy it now, as you cannot duplicate these prices later. Heating Stoves at Cost.

All Goods sold either for Cash or on Easy Payments.

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Leading Furniture and Stove Dealers,

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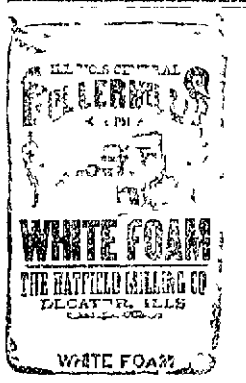

If You Want Good Bread ALWAYS ASK YOUR DEALER FOR ONE OF THESE BRANDS OF FLOUR

They are the best in the market. Every sack guaranteed For sale by all grocers

OTTENHEIMER & CO.

LOW PRICES ON FINE GOODS.

You want to see our line of Suits you can buy at $12.75

Sacks and Cutaways.

New, stylish goods, heavy weight, former prices were $18 and $20.

FANCY CHEVIOTS, CASHMERES and WORSTEDS.

SIZES 33 TO 84.

They are BIG BARGAINS.

OTTENHEIMER & CO.,

[illegible] Clothing, Hats and Furnishings,

MASONIC TEMPLE BLOCK, CORNER WATER AND WILLIAM STREETS

[illegible] 182.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

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LINN & SCRUGGS LINN & SCRUGGS

DRY GOODS & CARPET COMPANY. DRY GOODS & CARPET COMPANY.

ON TUESDAY, JANUARY 2,

WE COMMENCE OUR

ANNUAL CUT PRICE SALE!

ABSOLUTE CLEARING SALE IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Thousands of shrewd women have been waiting for this GREAT JANUARY SALE. We will try and make your money go just twice as far this year as it did in our great January sale of last year.

$125,000 Worth of Dry Goods & Carpets

TO BE SOLD REGARDLESS OF COST.

Don't Fail to Take Advantage of this Sale!

Cut Price in Silks and Velvets.

17 pieces Fancy Bengaline Silk extra fine quality and heavy formerly sold at $1 25 and $1 Cut price $1 00

14 pieces Changeable Peau de Soie Silk in variety of shades formerly sold at $1 00 Cut price 69c

10 pieces Figured Satin Changeable Silk worth $1 25 Cut price 89c

40 pieces Colored Satin Velvets worth 75c Cut price [illegible]

Cut Price in Dress Goods.

[illegible] pieces Simon all wool Henrietta in all colors all new goods and have never been sold less than 50c Cut price 29c

[illegible] with three rows of trimming, this cloth never sold less than $1 00 and $1 25 per yd Cut price 50c Requires but 5 yards for dress

[illegible] pieces 54 inch all wool Habit Cloth in all colors worth 69 to 85c Cut price 49c

100 pieces 40 inch Manchester Fancy Cashmere formerly sold at 25 Cut price 14c

[illegible] pieces 46 inch Jacquard Suitings in all colors worth 40c Cut price 19c

1000 Dress Patterns at $1 00 1 25 1 50 2 00 3 00 4 00 and 5 00

60 pieces Silk Striped English Serge in all colors formerly sold at 50 Cut price [illegible]

Cut Price in Cotton Goods.

100 pieces Fancy Gingham formerly sold at [illegible] Cut price [illegible]

90 pieces Fancy Cord formerly sold at 25 Cut price 9

85 pieces extra heavy Embroidered Flannel Suitings Embroidered Flannel Wrapper Dress formerly sold at [illegible] Cut price 9

100 pieces Fancy Sateens Chinese Cloth Fancy Cord Palatine Cloth worth [illegible] Cut price [illegible] per yd

Cut Price in Hosiery Department.

[illegible] Dozen Ladies Wool Cashmere Hose never sold less than [illegible] Cut price 10c

80 Dozen Misses Black Cashmere Hose sizes [illegible] always sold at [illegible] Cut price 15c

Cut Price in Underwear Department.

[illegible] dozen Ladies Cotton Ribbed Vests and Pants formerly sold at [illegible] Cut price 49c

[illegible] Ladies Fine Ribbed Wool Vests and Pants formerly sold at 85c Cut price 63

[illegible] Ladies all wool Natural and Black Union Suits formerly sold at $1 00 Cut price $2 49

[illegible] Misses White Natural and Balbriggan Union Suits formerly sold at 50 Cut price 49

[illegible] Misses White Merino Vest and Pants Sizes 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34

[illegible]

[illegible] Misses and Boys Scarlet Vests Pants and Drawers [illegible] each

Cut Prices in Linen Department.

1000 dozen Linen Towels knotted fringe extra sizes greatest value ever shown in linens worth 25 30 and 35c Cut price 19c

20 pieces 66 inch Table Damask extra heavy quality never sold less than 85c Cut price 49c yd

Cut Price in Blanket Department.

175 pairs 10 4 White and Grey Cotton Blankets at 50c

225 pairs 11 4 White Wool Blankets (the Czar) at $1 45

125 pairs 11 4 White Wool Blankets (the L & S) [illegible] $1 75

[illegible] 10 4 White Wool Blankets (the Bedford) at [illegible]

200 10 4 Scarlet and Grey all wool Blankets at $3 98

100 10 4 White all wool California Blankets at $4 50

COMFORTABLES

500 Bed Comfortables worth 85c at 59c

150 Bed Comfortables worth $1 50 at 89c

Cut Price in Canton Flannel Underwear.

Ladies Drawers unbleached former price 40c Cut price 25c

Bleached formerly sold at 49c Cut price 35c

Children's Drawers 9 12c 15 and 19c

Children's Night Slips 25c

Children's Night Drawers without feet formerly sold at 80 Cut price 59c

Children's Night Drawers without feet formerly sold at 40c Cut price 25c

Cut Prices in Flannel Department.

22 pieces all wool Red Flannel worth 50c Cut price 19c

10 pieces Grey and Blue Twilled Flannel real heavy shirting best goods ever made for wear formerly sold at 30c Cut price 19c

18 pieces 32 inch White Twilled Shaker Flannel splendid flannel for under garments formerly sold at 20c Cut price 17c

40 pieces Fancy Outing Flannel at 7c

40 pieces Colored Eider Down at 21c

Cut Prices on Gloves and Umbrellas.

100 dozen Ladies Black Cashmere Gloves extra good quality never sold less than 25c Cut price 19 pair

9 dozen Ladies Kid and Suede Button and Lace in Pearl the new shades made formerly sold at 90c $1 00 and $1 25 Cut price your choice 75c pair

[illegible] Dozen Ladies Fine Kid Mitts and Gloves formerly sold at 75 and 90c Cut price 49c pair

1000 Fine Colored Umbrellas natural wood steel trimmed and fully value to $1 25 Cut price 69

Cut Price on Skirts.

300 Ladies' Woolen Skirt Patterns worth $1 00 at 69c

TABLE COVERS

175 6 4 Chenille Table Covers worth $1 50 Cut price 85c

PORTIERRES

300 Chenille Portieres worth $5 00 Cut price $3 75

LACE CURTAINS

100 pairs Lace Curtains worth $2 50 Cut price, $1 25

Cut Price in Cloak Department.

LADIES CLOAKS

Formerly sold $ 5 00	Cut price $ 2 50
6 50	1 25
8 00	5 00
10 00	6 00
12 50	8 00
15 00	10 00
16 00	11 00
18 00	12 00
20 00	14 00
22 50	15 00
25 00	17 00
30 00	20 00
[illegible]	25 00
40 00	27 00
45 00	30 00
50 00	35 00
60 00	40 00
65 00	45 00
75 00	50 00
100 00	65 00

CHILDREN'S CLOAKS

4 YEARS

Formerly sold $ [illegible] 50	Cut price $2 50
4 00	3 00
6 00	4 25
8 00	6 00
[illegible] 00	6 50
10 00	7 00

6 YEARS

Formerly sold $ 3 75	$3 00
4 50	3 25
6 50	4 50
8 50	5 25
10 00	7 00
12 00	8 00

8 YEARS

Formerly sold $ 4 00	Cut price $ 2 75
5 00	[illegible]
7 00	[illegible]
9 00	6 [illegible]
12 00	8 00
[illegible] 00	10 00

10 YEARS

Formerly sold $ 4 25	Cut price, $ 3 00
5 50	4 00
7 50	5 50
10 00	7 00
12 50	8 25
18 00	12 00

12 YEARS

Formerly sold $ 4 50	Cut price $ 3 25
6 00	4 25
8 00	6 00
10 50	7 25
13 00	9 00
20 00	14 00

14 YEARS

Formerly sold $ 4 75	Cut price, $ [illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
8 50	[illegible]
12 00	8 00
14 00	9 50
22 50	14 75

Infants Short Coats Cut price $2 50 3 00 4 00 5 00

Infants Long Cloaks Cut price $1 49 2 00 2 50 3 00 3 75 4 00 and 5 00

Cut Price in Shawls.

Heavy Beaver Shawls Cut price $3 50 4 00 and 5 00

All Wool Square Shawls Cut price $2 00 3 00 4 00 5 00 and 6 00

Cut Price in Ready-Made Suits for Ladies, Misses and Children.

All our $10 00 12 00 13 00 and 14 00 will be cut to one price for your choice $9 00 per suit

Misses Dresses Cut to $3 00 3 50 and 4 50

Children's Dresses Cut to 65 98c and $1 25

WRAPPERS AND TEA GOWNS

2000 Ladies Wrappers	Cut to $1 25
300 Ladies Wrappers ...	Cut to 89c
175 Tea Gowns	Cut to $4 00

Cut Price in Carpet Department.

700 yards Tapestry formerly sold 65 Cut price 49

1000 yds Extra Tapestry formerly sold 75 59

1200 yds Best Tapestry formerly sold 90c 72

Velvet Carpet formerly sold $1 25 80

3000 yds best Extra Super Ingrain formerly sold 75c Cut price 59

4000 yds Extra Heavy Union Ingrain formerly sold 65c Cut price 49c

2000 yds Columbia Heavy Union Ingrain formerly sold 50c Cut price 37½

1500 yds Cotton Ingrains formerly sold [illegible] Cut price 29c

In Our Rug Department

We have about 2000 Rugs of all styles in Lincoln Prices range from [illegible] to $8 00

In this department we have decided to give a 20 per cent discount on all rug purchases during the Cut Price Sale

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

SUPERVISORS' PROCEEDINGS.

December Term

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Macon County. } ss

The Board of Supervisors of Macon county met at the court house in the city of Decatur on the [illegible] day of December [illegible] [illegible] Butler [illegible] Dickey [illegible] Nicholson [illegible] Thrift [illegible] Starr

Hon O H Dresser Chairman
Geo P Hardy Clerk
Prest Parr Sheriff

[illegible]

SECOND DAY—DEC 13

The board of supervisors met at the court house in the city of Decatur at 10 o'clock a m pursuant to adjournment

Members all present except Messrs Connolly [illegible] Nicholson [illegible] and Starr

[illegible]

Hon O H Dresser Chairman
Geo P Hardy Clerk
Prest Parr Sheriff

Minutes of yesterday's proceedings were read and approved on motion of Mr Dickson

Various bills against the county were read and on motion of Mr Quinn referred to the appropriate committees

On motion of Mr Garver the committee on [illegible] was granted further time to report [illegible]

[illegible]

Mr [illegible] moved that [illegible] Mr H W [illegible] [illegible] exhibits at World's Fair [illegible] prevailed

On motion of Mr Garver the board adjourned until [illegible] Geo P Hardy Clerk

AFTERNOON SESSION—DEC 13

The board met pursuant to adjournment [illegible] [illegible] Starr

Hon O H Dresser Chairman
Geo P Hardy Clerk
Prest Parr Sheriff

[illegible]

Geo P Hardy Clerk

[illegible]

Hon O H Dresser Chairman
Geo P Hardy Clerk
Prest Parr Sheriff

[illegible]

W P Sleeter
H F May
M A Connard
S C Davis
Committee

[illegible]

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Macon County Illinois

[illegible] the following [illegible] work [illegible] that the work has been [illegible] work contracted by [illegible] new tank and building new cesspool, all of which work has been completed [illegible] for the board in the regular way

In addition to the above work your committee would recommend that a tank of suitable size for heating water be placed in the kitchen with connections to the two bath tubs laundry and kitchen sink

Your committee has procured estimates on the above work and find it would cost about $[illegible]

Respectfully submitted
A H Cope Chairman

On motion of Mr Sleeter the chairman of the pauper committee was authorized to do the work recommended in his report

Mr Bean moved that the matter of subscribing for the Harrison Telephone be referred to the committee on public buildings with instructions to report to-morrow at [illegible] o'clock a m

Mr Cope moved to amend by referring said matter to [illegible] with power to act. Amendment lost [illegible] original motion prevailed

On motion of Mr May the [illegible] to-morrow was agreed upon as the time for election of the physician and steward for the poor farm

Mr May moved that the committee [illegible] [illegible] Decatur township was read and on motion of Mr May received and placed on file

The following statement of H C Montgomery county treasurer was read and on motion of Mr Sleeter received and ordered placed on file

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Macon County Illinois

Gentlemen—I have the honor to submit the following report [illegible] [illegible]

Special Balance [illegible] $[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Balance [illegible] $[illegible] 1 00

$ 1199 24

I certify the above statement to be correct according to my best knowledge and belief
H C Montgomery Co Treas

On motion of Mr [illegible] the matter of removal of [illegible] was referred to the committee on paupers [illegible] farm with power to act

Mr May moved that the committee on public buildings [illegible] report what is necessary to fix up the [illegible] previously occupied by the circuit clerk for the meetings of the grand jury

Mr Quinn moved to amend by allowing the grand jury the use of the supervisors room

Motion to amend [illegible] the original motion prevailed

Mr Quinn moved that the county clerk be [illegible] designated [illegible] person who shall [illegible] to carry out the provisions of an act to provide for the [illegible] Union soldiers sailors or marines of the late war [illegible] Motion prevailed

On motion of Mr Cope the board adjourned until 1 30 p m

AFTERNOON SESSION

The board met pursuant to adjournment [illegible]

Hon O H Dresser Chairman
[illegible] Clerk
P Parr Sheriff

The board having [illegible] consideration of the [illegible] report [illegible] Mr May was [illegible]

[illegible] By the Board [illegible] Macon county Ill that [illegible] that [illegible] is hereby appropriated for [illegible] [illegible] park [illegible] [illegible] appropriate the proceeds [illegible] with such [illegible] for the purpose [illegible]

[illegible]

M A Connard

[illegible] the following [illegible] of the resolution [illegible]

[illegible] Brintlinger Burley [illegible] Davis [illegible] Dickson [illegible] Nicholson [illegible]

[illegible] Moody [illegible] Geo P Hardy Clerk

[illegible]

Hon O H Dresser Chairman
Geo P Hardy Clerk
Prest Parr Sheriff

[illegible]

The following report [illegible] on motion of Mr Brintlinger approved

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Macon County Illinois

Your fees and salary committee to whom was referred the semi-annual report of Geo P Hardy county clerk beg leave to report that we have examined the report and find that he has earned for the half year $[illegible] expended for clerk hire and salary $[illegible] earnings in excess of expenditures $3 [illegible] The total receipts are $[illegible] leaving a balance due the county of $[illegible] which amount will be turned into the county treasury

W P Sleeter
M A Connard
H F May

The following reports were presented and on motion of Mr Davis approved

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Macon County Illinois

Your fees and salary committee to whom was referred the semi-annual report of L McClellan circuit clerk for the half year ending May 31 [illegible] would report that we have examined the same and find [illegible] that he has earned for the half year $[illegible] received $[illegible] Wages paid [illegible] for clerk hire salary and miscellaneous expenses $[illegible] leaving a balance due county of $[illegible] which he [illegible] will be paid into the county treasury

Respectfully submitted
W P Sleeter
H F May
Committee

The following reports were presented and on motion of Mr Nicholson approved

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors

Your fees and salary committee to whom was referred the semi-annual report of L McClellan circuit clerk for the half year ending November 30 [illegible] beg leave to report that we have examined the same and find it correct that said [illegible]

[illegible] being $[illegible] expended for clerk salary [illegible] leaving in the hands of [illegible] $[illegible]

Respectfully submitted
W P Sleeter
H F May
M A Connard

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Macon County Illinois

Your fees and salary committee to whom was referred the semi-annual report of Peter Perl sheriff for the half year ending Nov 30 1893 would report that we have examined the same and find [illegible] that he has [illegible] in insane cases $[illegible] for which the county is liable We also find that there is due the sheriff for personal salary [illegible] therefore we recommend that [illegible] draw an order in favor of the sheriff for the sum of $491 [illegible] and that the sum [illegible] paid into the county treasury

All of which is respectfully submitted
W P Sleeter
M A Connard
H F May
Committee

The committee on fees and salaries presented the following report which was read and approved on motion of Mr Brintlinger

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Macon County Illinois

Your committee on fees and salaries claims would beg leave to report that they have examined all claims presented before them and recommend the payment of the following and that the clerk be directed to issue orders for the several amounts to the several claimants to wit

[illegible] painter	[illegible]
W A Holman overseer poor farm	[illegible]
J A Cochran steward poor farm	[illegible]
W E Nelson, services as county judge	[illegible]
Geo P Hardy county services	[illegible]
Peter Perl delivering paupers	[illegible]
Eva Cochran work at poor farm	[illegible]
Peter Perl clerk hire	[illegible]
Robert [illegible] county physician	[illegible]

Respectfully submitted
W P Sleeter
H P May
M A Connard

The committee on printing presented the following report which was on motion of Mr Quinn approved

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Macon County Illinois

Your committee on printing claims would have to report that they have examined all claims presented before them and recommend the payment of the following and that the clerk be directed to issue orders for the several amounts to the several claimants to wit

D. Burnand & [illegible] [illegible] for Co offices	$10 00
	18 50
	.45
	80
	[illegible]
	[illegible] 70
	[illegible]
	[illegible]
	33 00
[illegible] Printing Co	[illegible]
	[illegible]
	[illegible]
	00
	[illegible]
	[illegible]
	[illegible]
	18 00
[illegible] P [illegible] & Co	[illegible]
	11 00
Herald Dispatch printing	
C L Jones	11 00
[illegible] Sexton	1
[illegible]	[illegible]
Hunsley & Calhoun,	52 85
H W Hill & Co	15 1
Review Ptg Co	95 [illegible]

W C Burley Chairman

The following report of the committee on public buildings was presented and on motion of Mr Quinn approved

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors

Your committee on public buildings claims would [illegible] report that they have examined all claims presented before them and recommend payment of the following and that the clerk be directed to issue orders for the several amounts to the several claimants to-wit

Morehouse Wells & Co court house and jail	$32 [illegible]
I N Martin	[illegible]
[illegible] Barber	6 [illegible]
Moore [illegible]	11
[illegible] Plumbing and Heating Co	
[illegible] court house	3 06
[illegible]	53 4[illegible]
Davidson & Lyman jail	7 05
[illegible] Bros jail	15 1
Central Union Telephone Co jail	.0
[illegible] Metallic Mfg Co court house	[illegible]
D A Maffit court house	86
Wm M Bell jail	8 [illegible]
Linn & Scruggs D G & C Co court house	240 [illegible]
Decatur Coal Co court house and jail	112
Haft Bros Lumber Co court house jail and county farm	117
[illegible] Wilson court house	[illegible]
[illegible] gas court house	41 [illegible]
Decatur Paint and [illegible] Co court house and jail	1 [illegible]
[illegible] Co court house	[illegible] 13
[illegible]	[illegible]
Morgan & Adkinson court house	[illegible]
Decatur [illegible] Co jail	
Decatur Gas Light and Coke Co jail	104 [illegible]
[illegible] Bros & [illegible] Co jail	43 [illegible]
W S [illegible] jail	[illegible]
[illegible] & Murphy jail	
[illegible] Bros jail	[illegible]
H [illegible] Bros jail	
Freeman Bros jail	[illegible]

All of which is respectfully submitted
W H Starr Chairman

The following resolution was offered and on motion of Mr Quinn adopted

[illegible] that the county clerk and county treasurer [illegible] certificates issued [illegible] to cover any overdraft that may occur before the tax of [illegible]

[illegible]
Archie Dickson
Committee

H C Montgomery county treasurer made the following statement which was read and on motion of Mr [illegible] placed on file

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors

Gentlemen: I submit herewith the following statement of Macon county institute fund [illegible]

D [illegible]	$[illegible]
[illegible]	1 2
[illegible]	1 00
	$[illegible]
[illegible]	
Bala[nce]	$[illegible]
	$[illegible]

H C Montgomery Co Treas

On motion of Mr Quinn the committee on public buildings was authorized to put up [illegible] to [illegible] court house

At this juncture Mr VanArsdal was introduced [illegible] report the [illegible]

After [illegible] of his remarks the matter was referred to the committee [illegible]

On motion of Mr Burley the board adjourned until [illegible]

AFTERNOON SESSION—DEC [illegible]

The board met pursuant to adjournment

[illegible] members all being present the board proceeded to business

Hon O H Dresser Chairman
Geo P Hardy Clerk
Peter Perl Sheriff

The hour for electing county physician and steward at the poor farm [illegible] the board proceeded to ballot for county physician, the applicants being R Toby M D and W A Dixon M D

Dr Toby received [illegible] votes and Dr Dixon received fourteen votes and was declared duly elected

A ballot for Steward at poor farm was had the applicants being W C Burley Thomas Bilby S Boyer and W W Foster The first ballot was informal and resulted as follows Burley secured six votes Foster secured six votes Bilby secured four votes and Boyer received eight votes

First formal ballot	Burley secured	7 votes
	Bilby	[illegible]
	Boyer	6
	Foster	8
Second	Burley	10
	Bilby	[illegible]
	Boyer	3
	Foster	[illegible]
Third	Burley	11
	Bilby	[illegible]
	Boyer	[illegible]
	Foster	[illegible]
Fourth	Burley	[illegible]
	Bilby	
	Boyer	[illegible]
	Foster	[illegible]
Fifth	Burley	[illegible]
	Bilby	[illegible]
	Boyer	
	Foster	

Mr W C Burley having received a majority of the votes cast was declared duly elected steward of the poor farm

On motion of Mr Cope the vote was made unanimous

The committee on paupers and poor farm presented the following report which was read and approved

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors

Your committee on paupers and poor farm to whom was referred the matter of the Children's Home Society find that they have already placed pauper children from this county in good homes who might have become paupers and charges to the county and recommend that they be given the sum of $[illegible] in recognition of work done and that hereafter they be paid the sum of $[illegible] for each child from this county who is placed in permanent homes, provided that in no year the total amount paid for this purpose shall exceed the sum of $[illegible]

A H Cope Chairman

Mr Garver moved that the county clerk be instructed to draw an order for $3[illegible] in favor of W G Draper of Mt Zion for services as constable which motion prevailed

Mr Starr reported that they had selected jury room No [illegible] grand jury room and the sheriff's front office as waiting room

[illegible] the committee [illegible] necessary furniture for same

The committee on paupers and poor farm presented the following which was read and on motion of Mr Thrift approved

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors

[illegible]

McConnell W S [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] D I	[illegible]
Same	[illegible]
Same	[illegible]
B[illegible] W	21 [illegible]
Same	13 [illegible]
Hel Aim [illegible] allowed	[illegible]
May S [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	
Lonergan [illegible]	[illegible]
Allen [illegible]	8 00
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Carr F D	[illegible]
Connelly J [illegible]	[illegible]
Same	[illegible]
Same	[illegible]
Same [illegible] claimed $13 [illegible] allowed	[illegible]
Morgan McLean	[illegible]
Anna B Millikin Home and Ind School	
Illinois East'n Hospital for Insane	[illegible]
Illinois Asylum for Feeble Minded	[illegible]
Illinois S[illegible] of Agriculture	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Same	[illegible]
Hillard [illegible] B	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
King & W[illegible]	[illegible]
Freeman Bros	[illegible]
[illegible] & Co	
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Shipp Samuel	[illegible]
[illegible]	14 [illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Roach Bros	30 [illegible]
[illegible] Wm	33 [illegible]
[illegible] W	[illegible]
[illegible] Coal	[illegible]
Hatfield Milling [illegible]	101 45
Ross A [illegible]	16 [illegible]
Kemp [illegible] P	10[illegible] 7
[illegible]	[illegible]
Kipp & H[illegible]	150 0[illegible]
Spitler [illegible] B	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Mitchell & [illegible]	1 00
Culver [illegible]	2[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Nixson D [illegible]	100 00
Cushman J A	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] W B	[illegible]
[illegible] & Co	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
C [illegible] H	[illegible]
[illegible] W	[illegible]
[illegible]	
Schmidt B	
[illegible] C	[illegible]
[illegible]	20 [illegible]
C[illegible] & Waddell	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	50
[illegible]	1 00
[illegible]	1[illegible] 50
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Rathus B B	
[illegible]	[illegible]
J H Hillman & Son	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Price A	21 [illegible]
[illegible] W	[illegible]
[illegible]	2
Bush [illegible]	[illegible]
Bachman [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Ray [illegible] W	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Wm [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] Bros	[illegible]
[illegible] Bros & Mahs	[illegible]
Decatur [illegible]	83 [illegible]
[illegible] J P	[illegible]
Kizer M D	[illegible]
[illegible]	
Mrs P [illegible]	
Allen Talbert	
[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]

Your committee [illegible] report of Peter Perl sheriff [illegible] $[illegible] Allfore Chairman

The following report of the committee [illegible] on motion of Mr B[illegible] approved

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors

Your committee on fees and salaries to whom was referred the bill of Peter Perl sheriff would report that we have examined the account and find by the report that [illegible] the sheriff for services [illegible] as follows

[illegible] days for feeding prisoners at [illegible] cents per day	$[illegible]
9 pieces washing at	3[illegible]
[illegible] blankets washed [illegible]	[illegible]
3 months turnkey salary	1[illegible]
Total	$[illegible]

For which amount we recommend that the clerk draw an order in favor of the sheriff

Respectfully submitted
W P Sleeter
Thomas Quinn
S C Davis
H F May,
Committee

The same committee reported as follows

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors

Your fees and salary committee having examined the quarterly report of county superintendent of schools J N Donahey beg leave to report that they find the same correct and recommend that it be approved by the board

W P Sleeter
M A Connard
T Quinn
S C Davis
H F May
Committee

Above report approved on motion of Mr Brintlinger

The committee on miscellaneous claims made the following report which was approved on motion of Mr Parker

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors

Your committee on miscellaneous claims would beg leave to report that they have examined all claims presented before them and recommend the payment of the following, and that the clerk be directed to issue orders for the several amounts to the several claimants to wit

City of Decatur water	$ 61 00
J Q A Odor state cases claimed $18 50 allowed	[illegible]
W H Bean committee work	6 [illegible]
A H Cope committee work	11
J H Bevans goods county offices	12 [illegible]
C Laux supper for jury	[illegible]
J M Wallington serving subpoenas	[illegible]
C M Parker supplies co supt of schools	[illegible]
J M Hull board of jury	[illegible]
H Singl [illegible] board of jury	[illegible]
W H Willoughby services as constable	3 30
Henry Hurst making arrest	[illegible]
M Phelan services as constable	[illegible]
Mills [illegible] oak posts	
John Hammond hauling	1
The Edward Thompson Co encyclopedia of law	[illegible]
J E Bendure inquest	11 [illegible]
J E Bendure inquest	11 [illegible]
J F Bendure inquest	11 00
J F Bendure inquest	11 [illegible]
J H Cook services as constable	[illegible]
J H [illegible] boarding jury	[illegible]
[illegible] insane [illegible]	[illegible]
S M Holmes bringing criminals to justice	[illegible]
Charles Weifel, boarding jury	[illegible]
J L Connelly committee work	[illegible]
D Brintlinger carriages	[illegible]
J D S[illegible] services [illegible]	[illegible]
J W Kirkbride services as bailiff claimed [illegible] allowed	7 [illegible]
Nelson Williams services as bailiff	[illegible]
Samuel Stabler services as bailiff claimed [illegible] allowed	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
W H Starr committee work	[illegible]
[illegible] services as bailiff claimed [illegible] allowed	
Geo Lowry committee work	[illegible]
S M Holmes services as bailiff claimed [illegible] allowed	[illegible]
C H Garver committee work	[illegible]

This committee [illegible] all fees be [illegible] unless the number of days of attendance be [illegible]

Jas H Farmer
D J Hallick
J L Connelly
A Dickson
W Sn[illegible]
Committee

The special committee on bridges presented the following report [illegible] Mr Quinn approved

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors

Your committee on bridges [illegible] town ship beg leave to make the following report [illegible] [illegible] Springfield road

[illegible]	13[illegible]
Repairing bridge	[illegible]
Total cost	1608 70
The bridge known as S[illegible] Creek bridge on Springfield road	
Contract price	384 00
Repairing main bridge	101 85
Total cost	[illegible]
Total cost of bridges and repairing	[illegible]
One half to be paid by the county	[illegible] 27

Your committee has inspected the work and found it done in good workmanlike manner and would recommend that an order be drawn on the county treasury in favor of the treasurer of the commissioners of Decatur township for the above named amount [illegible] 77 27

C A Turner
S C Davis
H C Griffin
Committee

The financial committee presented the following [illegible] and on motion of Mr Brintlinger approved

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors

Your committee on finance would beg leave to report that we have checked up the county orders [illegible] sparrow warrants for the months of September October and November to the amount of $[illegible] and have destroyed the same by burning. Respectfully submitted

H F May
M A Connard
S C Davis
Archie Dickson
Jas H Farmer
Committee

The following list of names were selected by the Board of Supervisors as grand jurors for the January [illegible] term of the circuit court of Macon county, Ill, and on motion of Mr Cussins said list was approved

Austin—[illegible] Miller
Blue Mound—G [illegible]
Decatur—[illegible] Weaver
Decatur—[illegible]
Decatur—[illegible]
Decatur—[illegible] Hallick
Friends Creek—James Brannon
Harristown—John Ritz
Hickory Point—J M Leiman
Illini—D F Scheff
Long Creek—J H Kizer
Long Creek—W M Davis
Macon—D J M[illegible]
Macon—W J [illegible]
Maroa—[illegible]
Mt Zion—J M Bosler
Niantic—N A Mitchell
Oakley—D [illegible]
Pleasant View—J [illegible]
South Macon—J H Heath
South Wheatland—[illegible]
Whitmore—C L Morgan
Wheatland—[illegible]

The report of J N Donahey county superintendent of schools [illegible] was [illegible] on motion of Mr Thrift allowed

Mr [illegible] [illegible] county physician [illegible] steward of the poor farm Motion prevailed

On motion of Mr Burley the clerk was directed to draw an order on the treasury [illegible] for the December session

On motion of Mr Garver the board adjourned until [illegible] Tuesday [illegible] the [illegible] day of March 1894 at 1:30 o'clock p m

Geo P Hardy Clerk

THE GAME OF KINGS

Steinitz, the Champion Chess Player, Has Conquered Many Notable Men

William Steinitz, champion chess player of the world, has played the game of kings with some of the world's greatest men who were not professional players. He played more than one stout game lasting from early night into the next morning with Von Moltke, who in addition to being a great general was one of the best chess players in Europe, and who taught his chessmen to fight his army corps. [illegible] was [illegible] He played with quite [illegible] at the [illegible] the fullness of the power of Napoleon III. He was honored once by having [illegible] ambitious [illegible] that the last French [illegible] might have made a respectable chess player but for his weakness in making rash and utterly aimless moves. Once the champion met the Prince of Wales in a friendly game, but he says there was no honor in beating that good-natured gentleman, for he played haphazard.

Herr Steinitz has played with Bismarck among others, but he does not consider the great German statesman a master of chess as Von Moltke was. Bismarck never had, he says, that mastership of himself that is necessary in the game of chess. He could not contain himself if when his antagonist would sit for half an hour thinking out a series of moves. He would stride the floor, puff volumes of smoke and at times seem to want to sweep chessboard, chessmen and all away with heavy hand.

He had not patience, said Mr Steinitz, and no man can master chess without patience.

Steinitz himself says that while there is a healthy and growing interest in chess in this country it is not encouraged as many other less noble and intelligent games are. But he says it is a game that appeals to the intellect and therefore its progress is sure. Steinitz will play in no more tournaments. The man who wins his championship from him must do it in a match game, man to man. And he says that there are some very strong players coming to the front on the other side who may yet teach him things he has not yet learned about chess. A trifle peculiar it is that this man should have some trouble in getting any reasonable sum offered for him to play any other great chess player. Herr Steinitz may after an effort get a few hundred dollars offered for a match with some other able player. The games played involve a great deal of time. They exhaust the players and the mental strain is heavy. And of course the loser receives some portion of the small stake offered.—N Y Advertiser

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ALBUMS bibles and books at Dawson's book store.

THE OLD AND THE NEW

BY LOU V. CHAPIN.

His own hand set the last word in the scroll [illegible] and Time [illegible] the mysterious records which will hide their [illegible] or rather let us say they will add some [illegible] our forever [illegible] hours. Looking back at this season over the centuries of the world's history we see [illegible] and glory of the [illegible] of human greatness [illegible] when men went [illegible] has [illegible] which the great [illegible] when ignorance and brutality reigned supreme, stands glorious and permanent in the sunlight of the smile of the Creator. The Brotherhood of Man and the Fatherhood of God are recognized as great facts all over the earth to day.

A retrospect fills us with awe and wonder at the mighty forces the Omnipotent Power that have led the world along through paths dark and bloody, through fiery trials and conflicts to the glad Present and the hilltop of Hope from which we may view the Beulah land of the glorious future. In the immutable purpose running throughout the [illegible] of human history we see the sign of the Divine hand upon all nations. Through-out all the ages up to this very hour when we stand upon the verge of a new year and a new epoch human errors have never been able to thwart that purpose though they have made suffering a necessity in the purification of human ideals.

Our [illegible] of the world is nobly [illegible] with spiritual [illegible] Every new year has [illegible] reward of [illegible] prosperity. But little more than a century ago [illegible] forward the new year with doubt and almost despair. Foes were on every side ready to [illegible] and desecrate the home of freedom which was then comprised in a narrow strip of thinly settled country on the shore of our eastern ocean. To day the temple of liberty [illegible] from ocean to ocean and it is filled with the finest trophies of man's endeavor. Art, science, literature and religion have been [illegible] the breath of the republic which like the Hercules of the fable has strangled the lion of tyranny, has performed the labors deemed impossible and reigns the ideal of government in every land, a vital force in the world a center of impulse and aspiration.

A runner must pause, the [illegible] a bird's flight cannot be straight upward or its wings will weary, and now and again fate lays her hand upon nations that they may pause to view whence they have come and whither they go. The year just past has witnessed such a halt in our own career of material prosperity. Though financial distress was widespread and the wheels of commerce almost idle, though the palsy of inaction seized upon our ledgers, even this pause in the race has made its contribution to our national greatness. The people of our country have seen with swelling hearts the patriotism of the leaders of the masses rising above all political and personal motives and the noble charity of the favored of fortune to the poor [illegible] spirit and softened class pride. Public and private beneficence has reached a height never before witnessed in any country and the narrow lines of intolerance have been erased or dimmed by the chastening touch of adversity.

As individuals, the New Year opens to us boundless opportunities. If it bring sorrow is not ours the fire that is to burn the dross from our souls? If it bring poverty let us remember that there is an infinite side to it, and the poor have before them a world of hope and endeavor that is closed to those who must make no struggle against opposing forces. Riches may be its boon, but riches are precious only for their power of conferring happiness and enlightenment upon the world. Death may be its cup of healing, yet there is no death but the cessation of endeavor; and leaving this fair earth is no more death than merely living upon this life.

False was the song of the poet who said that the New Year is a time for memory and for tears. For memory it is indeed a time for the gleaned sheaves of the sweetness of past days is an imperishable possession, but tears, even though their waters surge over the fragments of shattered resolve and self-murdered hope, are vain and idle. Then let us give [illegible] a benediction as he turns his glass, for he has mingled the bitter in our draught of life with sweet, and as the blithe New Year assumes the robe and crown shout with earnest hearts "Le roi est mort, vive le roi."

The Opening Wedge.

Miss Pinkerly—Have you made any New Year's resolution, Mr Tutter?

Tutter—Yes, Miss Pinkerly. I have solemnly resolved not to be so bashful.

Miss Pinkerly—How nice. By the way, have you seen the arm chair papa gave me for Christmas. It's big enough for two.—Truth

At 11:30 P. M.

George—Well, the old year will soon be going out.

Ethel—Yes, a splendid custom, isn't it? Why don't you follow the example?—Truth

The Rose and the Thorn.

It's nice to [illegible]
The [illegible]
Unless, of course, [illegible] times
A cold [illegible]

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Try one of our FALL OVERCOATS—they are beauties; style is correct.

Our WINTER OVERCOATS are coming in—bought cheap for the cash, and will be sold at way down prices.

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We have the best $1.50 BOY SUIT you ever saw. Some better ones for $2.00, $2.50 and $3 00.

Our MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT is patronized by all the best dressers. Leave your orders early so as to get your suit before the rush.

The STETSON DERBY is the correct Hat this year. We are the authorized agents.

WINTER UNDERWEAR of every description.

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5,319,600 Barrels a Year.
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DR. FRUTH,

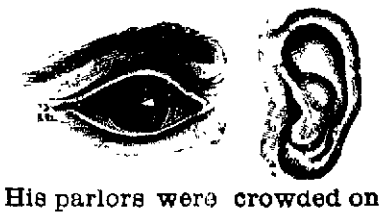
The well-known and successful Specialist, by request of many friends and patients has consented to visit

Decatur, Thursday, Jan. 11, '94,

And may be consulted free of charge at

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,

From 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.



His parlors were crowded on his last visit and patients received immediate relief who had been sufferers for many years.

Dr. Fruth has treated over 1000 patients in and about Decatur. Consultation free.

He will straighten CROSS or SQUINT EYES in two minutes.

Removes CATARACTS in two minutes.

Pterygium or film over the eyes one minute.

Iridectomy two minutes.

Turning in or out of lids and wild hairs, etc., removed quickly.

Stopping of Lachrymal (tear) Duct, causing an overflow of tears permanently cured.

Polypus Tumors in nose or ears removed in two minutes.

Opening of the Eustachian Tube leading from throat to ear in two minutes.

Removing Tonsils and clipping Uvula, one minute.

CATARACT, PTERYGIUM for film over the sight, Opacities of Cornea, weak watery eyes, granulated lids, chronic sore eyes, wild hairs, ectropion or entropion, a turning out and in of eyelids, diseases of lachrymal duct (tear duct), tumors of eye and removal of eyeball.

ACUTE AND CHRONIC NASAL CATARRH in all its forms cured permanently. Ozena, polypus, tumors, hawking and spitting, enlarged tonsils, loss of voice, granulated sore throat, hoarseness.

DEAFNESS—I can cure 90 per cent. of these cases. Can tell in five minutes if curable. I cure many cases in one treatment.

DISCHARGING EARS—I can cure in every case.

BRONCHITIS AND LUNG TROUBLE caused from catarrh speedily cured.

ALL CHRONIC BLOOD, NERVE, SKIN DISEASES, PIMPLES AND BLOTCHES radically cured.

DISEASES OF WOMEN successfully treated by the latest hospital methods and remedies.

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CANCERS, TUMORS, OLD ULCERS and all diseases of the skin cured by new method.

To YOUNG AND MIDDLE AGED MEN, who through ignorance or thoughtless exuberance of youthful spirits are subjects of self abuse and as a result their mind and manhood are ruined; vim, vigor and physical structure sapped by emissions, vital drain in urine, which is a terrible waste upon the system, impoverishing the blood, robbing the body of the precious elements of manhood—we offer you a certain and positive cure.

☞ Remember the date and come early, as his rooms are always crowded.

☞ Cases and correspondence confidential, but professional correspondence preferred.

DR. D. O. FRUTH,
532 Lake Avenue, CHICAGO.

JAPANESE FLOWERS.

Evidences of the Aestheticism of a Picturesque People.

The Japanese are expert at gardening, and give such individual attention to each blossom that they obtain wonderful results. The author of "Clear Round" says that upon asking a gardener if it were true that they help the buds of delicate flowers to open by gently fanning them he answered that they do so in the case of choice flowers.

No matter how humble the little home, it is brightened by a vase with at least one flower, or spray of autumn leaves, etc. Their arrangement of flowers is always lovely, such harmonies of form and color. There is no stiffness, for they try to imitate nature.

It is marvelous what man can do if he has a mind for it. I examined a tree in process of development. Almost ever twig was tied with a fine thread, and "bent in the way it should go."

The entire population turn out to honor the flowers, and write poems, tying them to the branches. This habit of writing little poems is sometimes rather amusing. On one occasion, when the British minister's wife left for Europe, the empress presented her with the versicle; "Why does the gray goose fly home to her brood?"

The Japanese term for picnic signifies "to go out and see flowers," and a prebverb runs: "Flowers are better than dumplings."

Egypt's Samiels.

The most pernicious winds are the samiels, or hot winds of Egypt. They come from the deserts to the southwest and bring with them infinite quantities of fine dust, which penetrates even the minutest crevice. The thermometer often rises to 125 during their continuance, and thousands of human beings have been known to perish from suffocation in the fiery blast. It was one of these samiels that destroyed the army of Sennacherib. Alexander the Great nearly lost his whole force in another, and the army of Cambyses was utterly annihilated.

BIENNIAL BLUE BOOK.

Of Interest to Those who Want Office.

The biennial Blue Book, or at least the first volume of the same will be issued next week. This volume will consist of about 1,200 pages, and will relate to the executive, legislative and judicial departments. It is a book which will be of much interest to those who are concerned in getting office, as it will show what they are and the salaries attached to them. The volume can be received through members of congress. The second volume, which will be devoted exclusively to the postal service, will be printed later on, and will contain 1,100 pages.

Mr. Gastman in the Lead.

At the session of the State Teachers Association at Springfield Thursday the following officers were elected: President, T. C. Clendenin, Cairo; J. W. Hays of Urbana, Annie L. Davis of Austin, and Thomas P. Dooling of Edwardsville, vice presidents; Joel M. Bowlby of Metropolis, recording secretary; Homer Bevans of Chicago railroad secretary; C. O. Scudder of Chicago treasurer; Mrs. Lide McMurry of Normal, a member of the executive committee; P. B. Walker of Rockford, E. A. Gastman of Decatur, William Jenkins of Mendota, James C. Burns of Monmouth, and Joseph Carter of Danville, directors.

Christmas Snakes.

An estimable gentleman living in this city, but who resided in Farmer City in 1876, says that on Christmas day of that winter it was so warm that men went about with their coats off. He also states that on that day he was out in the suburbs of the town and killed two snakes that had come out of their torpor and were crawling about in the sun. When the latter part of the statement was repeated to an icy and wicked Decaturite, he soliloquized as follows "I wonder how much liquor it takes to see two snakes on Christmas?"

Drugging Fast Horses.

A story growing out of the action of the blood horse association of California in refusing to permit further entries of the horses of Frank Van Ness, of the Elkton stables, is published in the San Francisco *Examiner*, to the effect that the horses of that stable have been drugged by hypodermic injections to stimulate the runners to overdo themselves. It is said that other horse owners are suspected of resorting to the same practice. The queer action of the Elkton horses on the track, led to suspicion and this discovery.

Sales of Real Estate.

James F. Housley to Geo. Foteher, deed to tract of land in 25, 16, 2 east—$3,000.

Sarah A. Abrams to W. C. Bear, deed to 40 acres in 30, 15, 1 east—$2800.

C. C. Bear to David F. Bear, undivided interest in 120 acres in Hickory Point township, and lot 5 in Birks' addition—$1,000.

William E. Reid to Arthur C. Reid, deed to tract of land in 23 18, 1 east—$2500.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, (SEAL) *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
☞ Sold by druggists, 75c.

CHINA'S CURSE OF OPIUM.

People Who Become Confirmed Smokers Live Ten Years on an Average.

"Seven-tenths of the people of China are opium smokers, and two millions of them die annually from its effects," said a Chinese missionary recently who has spent twenty-two years of his life in the Flowery Kingdom.

"This habit is rapidly growing," he went on. "It is confined to no class or sex, but men and women, officials and coolies, use it alike. As soon as opium smoking becomes a confirmed habit with a Chinese coolie he knows that he has about ten years to live. That seems to be the average. I consider it easier to reform a sot in the gutter, one of your lowest type of drunkards, than an opium smoker. Place them behind iron bars, if you like, and after being imprisoned a short time they begin to beg and plead for opium. They rave like maniacs and their sufferings are terrible to behold. They act like wild men.

"The opium vice is ruining China. The people know it and the government knows it, but they take no action. In twenty-two years it has increased fifty per cent. Fertile fields that were once used in the cultivation of rice are now growing the opium weed. The provinces in northern China, where the terrible famine occurred a few years ago and where thousands perished for want of food, had been for years given over to the production of opium instead of food grains. When food was short the people found they could not live on opium, so they starved to death.

"A parallel to the suffering during that famine is hardly equaled by any event in the history of the world. Human beings died in the streets of villages and on the roads. People turned cannibals. Some dug up roots and others were found on the roadside where they had died biting the bark off the trees. The dead were not buried, for the living had all they could do to take care of themselves.

"Now to-day rice is one-third higher in price than it was a score of years ago, because the crop has fallen off. Opium shops are everywhere. You may be traveling along with your chair coolie when the next thing you know he will put you down and leave you sitting in the streets while he goes in to take a smoke."

A WONDERFUL NEW STAR.

Suddenly Increased in Brilliancy Sixteen fold, and Then Faded Out.

The romance of astronomy is well illustrated in an article by Edward S. Holden, director of the Lick observatory, in the Forum. Mr. Holden describes the queer antics of a new star discovered last year, which resembles our sun and which in two days increased in brilliancy sixteenfold and then gradually went out.

Such phenomena as this star has presented, says he, are of the extremest value to astronomers and physicists. By the study of exceptional cases old laws are tried and new ones discovered. Apparent exceptions "prove" (i. e., test) the rule. Such cases are also of the greatest popular interest since they throw a light on the past and on the future of the solar system. The Nova was, no doubt, a star like our sun. It was, no doubt, very distant from the earth, since its original luster made it at least as faint as the ninth magnitude. The catastrophe which we say occurred in December, 1893, was announced to us by light which reached us then, but this light must have left the star twenty, perhaps fifty, years earlier. This recent event is, in fact, ancient history. Let us imagine what fate ours will be, if our sun should suddenly increase in light and heat some hundreds of times, and then fall off some thousands. Every vestige of life on our earth would be extinguished; and the only sign of it to the universe at large would be that a small star—our sun—had gone though a remarkable cycle of changes.

PRODUCES NO GREAT MEN.

Paris Draws on the French Provinces for Most of Her Native Notables.

The city of Paris with its environs boasts nearly one-twelfth of the total population of France, yet, according to the New York Evening Post, it does not escape the charge, which lies against so many other large cities, of being a huge maw into which the best of the national life is sucked. Only in the slightest degree is it the parent of the energy and distinction which it displays on so great a scale. In the political field scarcely one of the distinguished men of the time is Paris born. The president of the republic is not, nor is the president of the senate or of the chamber; not one of the ten cabinet ministers, neither of the chief justices nor of the attorneys general of the higher courts reckons Paris as his birthplace, nor does the governor of the bank of France. Somewhat similar results are obtained by scanning the lists of distinguished scholars, artists, journalists, soldiers. From the provinces have come a disproportionate majority of the men whose success in life makes Paris famous. Such facts are more striking in the case of the French capital, whose preponderance over the rest of the country has been so long established, than they would be in a newer country, where the headlong rush to the cities is a comparatively new thing.

Large Loads.

A camel has twice the carrying power of an ox. With an ordinary load of 400 pounds he can travel twelve or fourteen days without water, going forty miles a day. They are fit to work at 5 years old, but their strength begins to decline at 25, although they usually live to 40. The Tartars have herds of these animals, often 1,000 belonging to one family. They were numerous in antiquity, for the patriarch Job had 3,000. The Timbuctoo or Meharri breed is remarkable for speed, and used only for couriers, going 800 miles in eight days with a meal of dates or grain at nightfall.

CAPT. BOGARDUS DEFEATED.

Under the New Rules the Old Champion Was Vanquished.

Springfield Journal.

The prize shooting match between Capt. A. H. Bogardus, of Lincoln, and G. T. Hall, of Laomi, occurred at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the fair grounds, at Springfield, about 250 people being present. The match was for 100 birds each, but after the ninety-second bird had been thrown Captain Bogardus gave up and conceded the match to Mr. Hall. The score stood: Hall, 73; Bogardus, 64. No extraordinary skill was displayed by either markeman although few birds escaped unhurt. The ring was drawn around the trap at a distance of 80 yards. Inside this another circle was drawn, 10 yards from the trap. The birds were thrown at a 15-yard rise and unless they fell between the two lines did not score. A number were pulled down just outside the line, while others escaped only to be killed by outside parties. Captain Bogardus' gun was accidentally discharged once, but luckily no one was in the way. After the match local sports formed a pool and killed the remaining birds, Mr. Solomon being the winner.

THE PAXTON BANK.

Its Capital Swallowed Up in Speculation on the Board of Trade.

The Ford county bank, which failed in August last at Paxton, was rated by commercial agencies at $260,000, and was considered among the sound financial institutions of that part of the state. It was said shortly after the failure that the lack of $9,000 or $10,000 that was due was the direct cause of the failure. The bank had a large number of depositors and its failure brought hardships to many people. The investigation by the assignees, it is said, disclosed the fact that every dollar of the capital of the bank and many thousands of the deposits had disappeared leaving behind no trace of the source of exit. In the trial of the cause in the circuit court it was hinted that probably dealings on the board of trade had something to to do with the failure. Evidence was secured in Chicago that as long ago as 1889 the entire capital stock of the bank was sunk on the board of trade, nearly all in the name of the Paxton Roller mills.

A State's Attorney Wedded.

The most prominent wedding in Danville this season took place last evening at the Presbyterian church, the Rev. Charles H. Little, of Coate college, Terre Haute, officiating. The contracting parties were S. G. Wilson, state's attorney and a leading Republican politician and Miss Gertrude, daughter of John W. Kent, one of Vermillion county's wealthiest citizens. The ushers were Dr. R. E. Tobey of Decatur, Max Kent, George Wright, Will Darby, Dr. M. McLean and M. B. Bailey. The bridesmaids were Miss Alice Ringland, of Chicago, Miss Alice Burns, of Crawfordsville, Ind., Miss Susie Irwin and Miss August Barton, all arrayed in white silk crepe, with bouquets of yellow roses. John English was best man and Miss Virginia Kent, of Champaign, maid of honor.

German Insurance Company Retires.

The German Insurance company of Quincy, the oldest in Illinois, yesterday transferred its risks to the Manchester company, of London, England, and will go out of existence the last of the year. The German's risks aggregate $10,000,000, scattered over eight states. The company's business has been poor the last year or two and they found it more profitable to sell out than to continue. The German company has been in business since 1859. The Decatur policies will be paid by the Manchester company, which is represented in Decatur by Montgomery & Shull. It is stated that three other old companies are about to retire.

Wedding Bells at Macon.

From Friday's Daily.

The marriage of Arthur L. Fleming and Miss Carrie Schudel was solemnized last evening at 8 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Schudel, at Macon, in the presence of a company of friends. Rev. J. W. Eckman, pastor of the Methodist church, was the officiating minister, and J. A. Coombe and Miss Crawford were the attendants. The company partook of a fine wedding repast. Mr. Fleming is a son of T. J. Fleming and is the owner of a half interest in the Schudel store. The couple will make their home at Macon.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers. For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and $1.00 per bottle, at King & Wood's Drug Store. ew

JOHN HILL of Derby, England, is thought to be the oldest living Odd Fellow. He is nearly 91 years old and was initiated in the order in 1823.

BURNS are absolutely painless when DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is promptly applied. This statement is true. A perfect remedy for skin diseases, chapped hands and lips, and never fails to cure piles. C. H. Dawson.

A PIONEER FARMER.

Death of David Brett at His Home North of Decatur.

From Saturday's Daily.

David Brett, who had been a resident of Macon county for nearly 60 years, passed away in death at 9 o'clock last night at the home of his daughter, Mrs. John Christie, two and one-half miles northeast of Decatur, caused by a complication of diseases. Mr. Brett was one of the pioneer farmers of Macon county, and a man of sterling integrity. Nearly all of his life Mr. Brett had been a farmer and stock-raiser, and he prospered. Politically he was a Republican, and had been elected to school district offices by his neighbors.

The deceased was born in Prince William county, Virginia Dec. 21, 1817, in which state his father Richard A. Brett, who was of English descent was born. David was one of a family of 15 children. Now there are but two living. They are Penelope wife of Frank Montgomery, of Decatur and Alexander H. Brett, of Kansas. Mr. Brett secured a good common school education in Virginia, and in 1835 he came west overland, making the long journey by team. He located in Decatur township, occupying leased land for two years. In 1837 he moved to Hickory Point township, taking a claim entered by his father, who bought it at the government price of $1.25 per acre. It was a quarter section. He remained there until 1848, when he took possession of his own tract of 40 acres not far away, to which he added 80 acres. It is a model farm, one of the best in Macon county. He also owned 40 acres in the northern part of Hickory, 80 in Maroa township, and 50 acres in Decatur township.

In 1847, Miss Elizabeth P. Wheeler became the wife of Mr. Brett. She died Oct. 7, 1854. To the couple were born Annie M. Brett, Richard Brett, Frances I., wife of John Christie, and David E. Brett.

Mr. Brett was a Baptist, and did his part toward sustaining the church of his choice. Coming to Macon county at so early a date he could recall the time when houses were very far apart. He had often seen Indians passing through the country, and he could remember when Decatur was but a village.

SHE FELL IN A FAINT.

The Influence of an Unexpected Guest Upon a Buffalo Girl.

A striking instance of the penalty that sometimes follows a harmless but foolish misrepresentation has lately been afforded to the citizens of Buffalo. A few months ago a young lady from that village took a trip to the Niagara Falls. While at that famous resort she became duly acquainted with a handsome and wealthy New Yorker. The acquaintance was mutually so agreeable that it extended into a correspondence after the young lady had returned home. When the acquaintance began, in order to dignify her position in society, the Buffalo girl represented herself as a banker's daughter. True to her intuitive guess the scion of Gotham saw in this an added charm. The other day he slipped out to Illinois without his friend's knowledge and was directed to her house—an unpretentious place, but cozy and comfortable. He stepped up to the door and clanged the bell and was answered by the young lady. She was not in society raiment nor did she expect her guest. Indeed, the shock was so great that she fell in a faint to the floor. Gotham turned upon his heels in a very unchivalrous fashion and will probably never see Buffalo again. The young lady has recovered.

The State Army.

Adjutant-General Orendorff has forwarded to Washington his annual report of the militia of Illinois, covering the year ending Dec. 31, 1893. It contains the following statistics:

Number of regiments, 7; number of companies, 78; Major-Generals, 1; Brigadier-Generals, 4; aides-de-camp, 26; Adjutant-General's department, 4; Inspector-Generals, 4; Judge Advocates, 3; Quartermaster's department, 3; subsistence department, 3; medical department, 4; inspectors of rifle practice, 11; Colonels, 7; Lieutenant-Colonels, 5; Adjutants, 7; Quartermasters, 6. Chaplains, 7; Captains, 72; First Lieutenants, 76; Second Lieutenants, 75; total commissioned officers, 347; non-commissioned officers, 767; musicians, 96; privates, 3,567; total enlisted, 4,430; aggregate number in the service, 4,777.

Dr. Hoskins, Dentist.

The dental firm of Hoskins & Moore having dissolved partnership by mutual consent, I will alone open a new office, January first, ground floor, in the building now being erected for me in Opera House Block. Parties wishing to see me professionally prior to that time can call at 629 Prairie avenue.

nov24-d&wtf THOS. S. HOSKINS.

THE most striking figure in Charles Hoyt's new play, "A Milk-White Flag," is a corpse. The role is readily filled, now that so many actors are "dead broke."

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by King & Wood, druggist. dew

DEWITT'S Witch Hazel Salve cleanses, purifies and heals. It was made for that purpose. Use it for burns, cuts, bruises, chapped hands, sores of all descriptions, and if you have piles use it for them. C. H. Dawson.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

RIOTING IN SICILY.

Desperate Encounters Between the People and the Soldiers.

THE TORCH PUT TO PUBLIC BUILDINGS,

And Large Sections of Many Cities Burned—The Situation Considered Grave in the Italian Cabinet—What the People Want.

The Antitax Movement in Sicily.

ROME, Jan. 3.—Dispatches received from Sicily show that the antitax movement has made great progress in the province of Trapani. Several days ago, the discontent in Campo Bello, a town of 6,000 inhabitants near Trapani city, had become so threatening that the town council passed a resolution abolishing the wheat octroi. As protests against this action the millers refused to reduce the price of flour and the bakers announced an increase in the price of bread.

When these measures become known Monday, about a thousand men and fifty or more women of the working class gathered from the town and the surrounding country and began marching through the streets. The police who tried to disperse them were put to flight.

Fired the Public Buildings.

The rioters set fire to all the public buildings except the town hall. From these buildings the fire spread to the near-by private houses. While a large district was in flames, the mob left the officials alone to fight the fire, marched to the prison and took it by storm. All the prisoners were liberated. The soldiers who had been confined in the barracks and the registration bureau were driven out by the fire, which had been started by a workingman before the course of the mob was reported to the commander.

When brought out to save from destruction what was left of the town, the soldiers were exceedingly violent. They forced back the mob slowly at the point of the bayonet, and at no time received orders to fire.

A Third of the Town in Ruins.

Nearly the third of the town is now in ruins. Many families that were burned out walked the streets all night. The whole town looked as if it had suffered from a bombardment. Among the buildings destroyed were every mill and every millers' house in the place.

At Salemi, a town of 15,000 inhabitants in the same district with Campo Bello, fires were started by antitax rioters shortly before dark Monday, and half a dozen buildings were burning by 9 o'clock. Fires were set by rioters in several smaller towns also, and in the early evening the whole district seemed ablaze. The troops, although provoked by the rioters repeatedly in Salemi, did not fire. Several rioters were arrested after a struggle. A private was shot in the cheek, and a captain in the stomach.

A Deadly Volley.

At Pietra-Perzia, a town of 11,000 inhabitants near Calanisetta, an antitax mob set fire to three public buildings and tried to get at the rest, but was prevented by troops who had been called out to protect them. The rioters made such determined attacks on the soldiery in their efforts to reach the buildings that eventually the order to fire was given. Five were killed and many more were wounded by the first volley. The second volley fired over the heads of the rioters, was followed quickly by the dissolution of the mob.

The Millers and Bakers Refused to Reduce Prices.

The town council in Marinco, near Palermo, abolished the wheat octroi on Saturday, but the millers and bakers, like those in Campo Bello, refused to reduce their prices. The people rose Monday and tried to destroy the town building, but were driven off by the troops after several stubborn fights in which three soldiers were killed and several more wounded. The troops continued to guard the houses of the millers and bakers and the palace of things throughout the night.

The communal councillors of Syracuse have taken steps to quiet the populace by lowering the wheat tax. The announcement of this policy Monday morning was received with joy throughout the city, and the governor was received with tremendous enthusiasm when he entered the theater in the evening.

The News Received by the Crispi Cabinet.

The dispatches from Trapani giving details of the riots in Campo Bello arrived during a cabinet council yesterday morning. They were read first by Premier Crispi, who at once communicated them to his colleagues.

All the ministers pronounced the situation in Sicily to be graver than at any previous period of the antitax agitation. Several ministers expressed the opinion that the communal councillors, whose bad administration had caused the disorder, ought to be dissolved by the government. The appeal of the military commander of the islands to the patriotism of the people, is considered in the ministry as well as among the people at large, to be proof of the desperate condition of the Sicilian affairs.

The Work of Pacification.

Several Sicilian deputies, who have great influence with the people of their districts, have started for the island to help in the work of pacification. Premier Crispi expected until last evening to go, but the alarming reports received with the last dispatches caused him to change his plans. He will not visit Sicily for the present, as he deems his presence in Rome more sensible.

A meeting of all classes in Palermo yesterday adopted a deputation to report formally to the government what reforms were most needed in Sicily, as the government was but ill informed by the officials representing it on the island.

Our Greaest Sale

Look at the Lowest Prices we have ever named on Dry Goods.

Bales of 36-inch Brown Muslin at 3⅞c a yard.

Bales of 36-inch Brown Muslin at 5c a yard.

Bales of 36-inch finest Brown Muslin at 6¼c a yard.

Bales of 36-inch heaviest Brown Muslin at 7c a yard.

Boxes of fine Sheetings, unbleached, 2¼ yards wide, at 16½c a yard.

Boxes of fine Sheeting, bleached, 2¼ yards wide, at 18½c a yard.

Boxes of Arnold Best Indigo Blue Calicoes at 4½c a yard.

Boxes of Columbia Indigo Blue Striped Calicoes at 4½c a yard

Boxes of best Oil Red Calicoes at 4½c

Boxes of best Black and White Mourning Calicoes at 4½c a yard.

Boxes of choice Dark Calicoes, full standard quality, at 4½c a yard.

Cases of 36-inch Bleached Muslin at 6¼c a yard.

Cases of 36-inch finest Bleached Muslin at 7½c a yard.

50 dozen of the largest and finest Towels ever sold in the city at 22½c each.

2,500 yards of heavy twill Brown Crash at 3c a yard.

One lot of Scarlet Blankets, were $2.50, now $1.75 a pair.

50 pairs of 11-4 sanitary brown mixed all wool Blankets, worth $5, at $3.50 a pair.

50 pairs 11-4 white all wool Western Blankets, worth $5, at $3 98 a pair.

60 pairs of 11-4 finest California white wool Blankets, worth $7, at $4.50 a pair.

Regardless of Price our Fancy Dress Goods must go.

Choice Dress Patterns, newest designs, were $15.00 18 00 and 20 00, all marked down to $10.00 a suit.

Fancy Dress Patterns, were $10.00, 12 00 and 14.00, all marked to $6 95.

Stylish Street Suit Patterns, were $8.00, 9.00 and 10.00, all marked $5.00 each

Full Length Dress Patterns, were $5.00 and 7.50, all marked down to $2.95 each.

One lot of 54-inch all wool Suitings, in plain and fancy weaves, were $1.25 and 1.50 a yard, all marked to 89c a yard

One lot of 40 and 50-inch all wool Dress Goods, original value 75c, 85c and $1.00, all marked down to 59c a yard.

1,000 yards of 42-inch all wool Dress Flannels in fancy weaves, worth 50 and 60c a yard, at 35c a yard.

25 pieces of 36-inch Fancy Dress Goods, worth 25c, at 18c.

25 pieces of Fancy Bengaline Silks in all shades, including evening tints, worth $1 25 and 1.50 a yard, all at 75c a yard.

Japanese Crepe Silks in fancy evening shades at 45c a yard

Fancy Striped Silk Velvets, this season's combinations, were $1.50 a yard, all marked down to 98c a yard.

Ladies' Stylish Cloaks and Capes, about $3,000 Worth. We are satisfied if we get 60 cents on the dollar.

Lot 1, worth $4 50, 5.00 and 5.95 for $3 00 each.

Lot 2, worth 6. 95, 8 95 and 10.00 for 5 95 each.

Lot 3, worth 12.00, 13 50, 15.00, for 7 95 each.

Lot 4, worth 16.50, 18.00 and 20, for 10.00 each.

Lot 5, worth 22.50, 25.00 and 30 00, for 15 00 each.

Lot 6, twelve styles Capes and Coats, worth 35.00, 45.00, and 55 00, at 22 50 each.

Black fur Capes, worth 8 50, for 4.95.

Black Astrachan Capes, worth 20 00, for 12.50.

Electric seal Capes, worth 20.00 for 12 50.

27-in. Astrachan Cape, deep sweep and butterfly collar, worth 40 00, for 25 00.

34-in. Astrachan Coats, worth 45.00, for 25.00.

Children's Fur Sets at 68c, 88c and 98c each.

Beaver Shawls, worth 2.50, for 1.65.

Beaver Shawls, worth 4 50, for 2.95.

Beaver Shawls, worth 7.00, for 4.95.

36x48 Smyrna Rugs, best quality, 1.75.

36x63 Smyrna Rugs, best quality, 2.50.

36x72 Smyrna Rugs, best quality, 3.50.

18x36 Daghastan Rugs, choice styles, 1.65.

24x48 Daghastan Rugs, choice styles, 3.95.

36x72 Daghastan Rugs, choice styles, 5.95.

Gents' Underwear and Flannel Shirts to be Closed Out.

16 dozen Men's heavy Gray Shirts and Drawers, 19c each.

20 dozen Men's 50c quality Shirts and Drawers, 35c each.

15 dozen Men's 1.00 quality Camels' Hair Shirts and Drawers, 58c each.

10 dozen Men's 1.25 quality Sanitary Wool Shirts and Drawers, 35c.

Men's Navy Blue all wool Flannel Shirts, worth $1.50, 1.75 and 2.00, all at 1.00 each,

Bradley Bros

DRY GOODS & MILLINERY

Decatur Ill.

COSSACK CRUELTY.

A Massacre of Roman Catholics in Russia.

SLAIN FOR DEFENDING THEIR CHURCH.

Men, Women and Children Cut Down in Cold Blood, and Others Driven Into the River and Drowned.

BERLIN, Jan. 3.—In November last the Vossische Zeitung of this city published a story from Kohno, capital of the government of that name in Russia, stating that the imperial authorities, who are of course, members of the Greek church, had ordered that the Roman Catholic church at Krosche, in that government, be closed. With the purpose, it was said, of preventing the order from being carried out, a large number of Catholics took possession of the church and held it, day and night, against the authorities. The government at last sent a troop of Cossacks to dislodge the defenders of the church, and a desperate conflict resulted. Twenty of the Catholics are said to have been killed with swords or lances while 100 were reported to have been wounded. Those who were hurt or only slightly injured fled from the church, pursued by the Cossacks, who drove them into a river, where many of them were drowned. The orthodox peasants were said to have aided in the massacre.

Shortly after the publication of this story, the Russian papers came out with an official version of the affair. According to these papers, the czar had ordered the church to be closed in order that an agricultural college might be built on the site. The Catholics objected to the order and declined to let it be executed. The governor and three companies of Cossacks then forcibly closed the church doors and an encounter between the military and police on one side and the Catholics on the other followed. Four policemen were slightly wounded. The official statement branded the story of a massacre of the Catholics as a pure invention.

The Cologne Gazette, a few days ago, said it did not credit the official denial, and claimed to know that the story of the massacre was true.

Yesterday the Volks Zeitung published mail advices from Krosche bearing out in every particular the first story of the killing of the Catholics. It adds that the Cossacks displayed the greatest barbarity, and took fiendish delight in killing defenseless women and children. It is said that some of the younger women were subjected to the vilest indignities by the Cossacks. After the capture of the church by the soldiers the building was desecrated in every conceivable way, some of the Cossacks throwing the Host from the altar and trampling upon it. The decorations were completely destroyed. The people who had been killed by lance thrusts or by blows from swords were lying about the church in every direction, and those who were wounded were lying among them groaning and moaning, while the Cossacks, heedless of their piteous appeals, trampled upon them with their heavy boots and sometimes struck at them with their spurs.

In the meantime, the Catholics who had fled in dismay when they saw so many of their comrades fall, ran in the direction of the river. A separate band of Cossacks started after them, brandishing their lances and swords and shouting at the top of their voices: "Kill the cattle." The panic-stricken Catholics could not turn, for if they did, they would have fallen into the hands of the Cossacks, who, mounted on their horses, made a short run of it.

The correspondent says that half of the fleeing people fell to the ground in agony of fright, and were struck with lances by the horsemen as they dashed by in pursuit of the fugitives. Several are alleged to have been killed in this manner. When the river was reached many of the fugitives plunged in and sought to swim to the other side. A number of them could not stem the current, and were drowned, the Cossacks standing on the bank, laughing and jeering at them in response to their cries for help.

Those who did not jump into the river were secured by the Cossacks and taken back to the town, where those who had been captured at the church were held as prisoners. The authorities ordered that all of them be flogged, and the order was carried out in the market place. Women, as well as men, were stripped until they were practically naked, and surrounded by the heartless Cossacks and orthodox Russians, they were whipped with knouts.

The story has created widespread indignation, and persons who are conversant with the nature of the Cossacks place no faith in the official denial of their actions on this occasion.

THE OGDEN WILL AGAIN.

Litigation Liable to be Reopened Over the Ten Million Dollar Estate.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—A motion was made before Surrogate Fitzgerald yesterday which may reopen the litigation over the millions left by William B. Ogden, the first mayor of Chicago, who died in 1887. The exectors of his will are his widow, his nephew, William Ogden Wheeler; his brother-in-law, the late Edwin M. Sheldon, of Chicago; Andrew H. Green, of this city, and Gen. W. E. Strong, of Chicago. The motion was made to reinstate certain objections made by four of his heirs to matters of the administration of the estate on the ground that the executors have failed to pay over the proceeds of lapsed legacies on which the widow makes a claim. They are said to amount to about $250,000. There are about twenty-five nephews and nieces, and four of them made the motion. The surrogate reserved decision.

MANUFATURERS RESUME.

The New Year Brings Work to Many Idle Hands.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., Jan. 3.—The Homestead plant of the Carnegie Steel Co. resumed operations in every department. It is understood that the company has orders sufficient to insure operations until April.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Jan. 3.—The steel mill of the Bethlehem Iron Co. resumed operations yesterday, and the billet mill starts up to-day, giving employing to over 1,000 men.

SCRANTON, Pa., Jan. 3.—The first evidence of the return of previous days of Scranton industries was apparent here yesterday when the Scranton Axle Co. announced that they are about to erect a large addition to their works to increase their capacity, and the North steel mills resumed work after a short shut-down.

The American Chair Co.'s works at Brandt, which have been shut down for some time, also resumed work yesterday.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 3.—The resumption of work in the iron and steel mills in this vicinity was in a way general yesterday. Jones & Laughlin's and the Clinton mill, on the south side, started on Monday.

Yesterday morning the mills of the Carnegie Steel Co. in this city and at Homestead and Duquesne resumed operations. At Homestead every department was started, but not more than two-thirds full. To-day the Edgar Thomson plant will resume in full on rails. The Duquesne mill which produces billets exclusively, also started in full yesterday.

The Oliver Iron and Steel Co.'s plants, on the south side, are not working except in a few departments in the South Tenth-street mills, and there is no prospect of a start at the South Fifteenth-street plant or at the lower mills in Allegheny.

The Oliver and Roberts wire and rod mill starts to-day.

THE COUGHLIN TRIAL.

The Most Damaging Testimony Yet Introduced by the State.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3. The presence of Daniel Coughlin in the Carlson cottage at 8:30 o'clock the night of the murder of Dr. Cronin, was sworn to positively at the trial, yesterday, by William Mertes, who was a Lake View milk man in May, 1889, but is now a farmer in Adams county, Wis. If the jury believes Mertes told a truthful story, and no more than he actually saw and heard, his testimony cannot fail to weigh heavily against the defendant.

The testimony given by Mertes, late Patrick Dinan, of white horse fame, and Mrs. Foy is the most important the state can bring to bear against Coughlin directly. The Wisconsin farmer told a straightforward story and appeared to be honest, but he made a bad blunder which he thought was a smart trick, when he lied to reporters, detectives and lawyers who called to learn what he would testify to. The defense utterly attacked his veracity and honesty. Judge Wing exhausting several hours in a scorching cross-examination, from which the ex-milkman did not emerge with great credit to himself.

A Perjured Juror in the Coughlin Trial.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—Rumors of impending trouble with the Coughlin jury are becoming more and more prevalent. It is now reported that one juror who swore on his examination that he did not know the defendant has been shown to have been one of Coughlin's intimate friends. The report is not openly given credit by the state but it is certain that the police are making a searching inquiry into the past life of the suspected man.

In the Hands of a Receiver.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—Erastus P. Marsh was yesterday appointed receiver of the American Building, Loan and Investment Co., the concern which was recently investigated and its officers scored by Attorney-General Moloney. The receiver was appointed on a bill filed in the United States circuit court by the president of the company

A Sacrilegious Thief.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 3.—A great scandal has been caused at Zele by some sacrilegious thief who Monday despoiled the statue of the Virgin, in a grotto there, of the jewels which adorned it. The robber also took the votive offerings deposited near the statue. Altogether his booty is valued at 12,000 francs.

Closed Its Doors.

MIDDLESBOROUGH, Ky., Jan. 3.—The Middlesborough has closed its doors. This is the largest and finest hotel in the state outside of Louisville. Last spring it was forced into the hands of a receiver. For the past several months it has been running at a loss and the receiver thought it best to close down temporarily at least.

Closed the Argument and Adjourned.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 3.—District-Attorney S. W. Hawkins closed the argument in the Howard case at Jackson at noon yesterday, and court adjourned until 7 o'clock last night, when Judge Hammond delivered his charge.

Will Visit Melilla.

TANGIER, Jan. 3.—It is reported here that the sultan of Morocco will start two months hence from the city of Morocco for Melilla. He will be accompanied by a large number of troops.

Will be Cremated.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—In accordance with his expressed wish, the body of Sir Samuel White Baker, the African explorer, who died Saturday, will be cremated at Woking to-day.

Ratified and Adjourned.

BUCHAREST, Jan. 3.—The senate yesterday ratified the Roumanian-German commercial treaty, already ratified by the German reichstag, and then adjourned until January 23.

Dropped Dead.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Hon. Orlando B. Potter, the well-known New Yorker, dropped dead at 9:30 last evening in front of the Buckingham hotel.

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